

IEWQ/ICHQ Series High Wall Inverter Service Manual

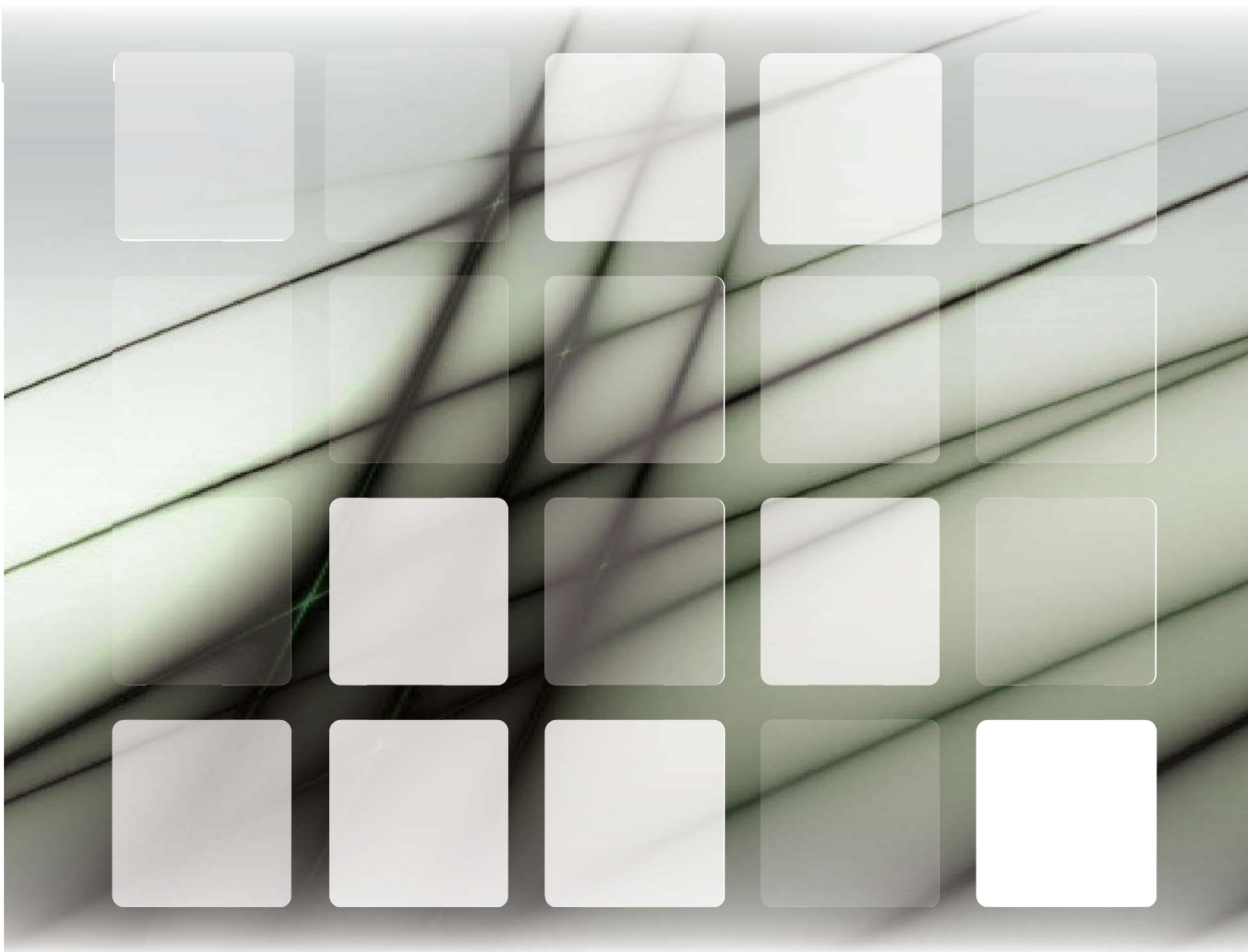


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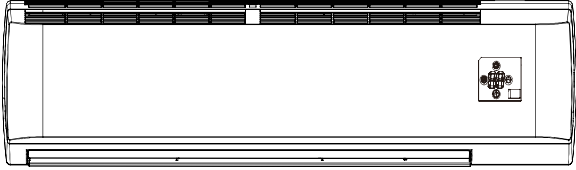
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Part I : Technical Information

1. Summary

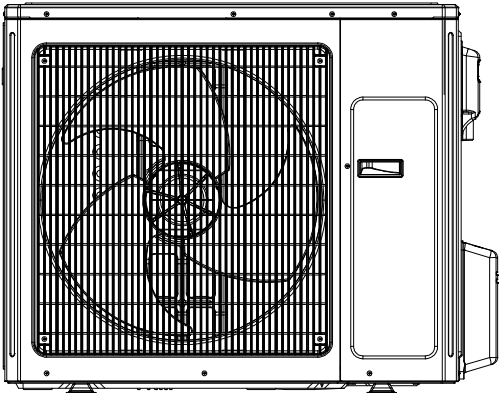
Indoor Unit

IEWQ036J3A-RWI100



Outdoor Unit

ICHQ036J3A-RLH100



Remote Controller:



2. Troubleshooting

2.1 Flashing LED of Indoor/Outdoor Unit and Primary Judgement

NO.	Malfunction Name	Display Method of Indoor Unit			Display Method of Outdoor Unit			A/C status	Possible Causes	
		Dual-8 Code Display	Indicator Display (during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s)			Indicator has 3 kinds of display status and during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s				
			Operation Indicator	Cool Indicator	Heating Indicator	Yellow Indicator	Red Indicator	Green Indicator		
1	High pressure protection of system	E1	OFF 3s and blink once						During cooling and drying operation, except indoor fan operates, all loads stop operation. During heating operation, the complete unit stops.	Possible reasons: 1. Refrigerant was superabundant; 2. Poor heat exchange (including filth blockage of heat exchanger and bad radiating environment); Ambient temperature is too high.
2	Antifreezing protection	E2	OFF 3S and blink twice			OFF 1S and blink 3 times			During cooling and drying operation, compressor and outdoor fan stop while indoor fan operates.	1. Poor air-return in indoor unit; 2. Fan speed is abnormal; 3. Evaporator is dirty.
3	In defect of refrigerant	F0					OFF 1S and blink 9 times		The Dual-8 Code Display will show F0 and the complete unit stops.	1. In defect of refrigerant; 2. Indoor evaporator temperature sensor works abnormally; 3. The unit has been plugged up somewhere.
4	High discharge temperature protection of compressor	E4	OFF 3S and blink 4 times			OFF 1S and blink 7 times			During cooling and drying operation, compressor and outdoor fan stop while indoor fan operates. During heating operation, all loads stop.	Please refer to the malfunction analysis (discharge protection, overload).
5	Overcurrent protection	E5	OFF 3S and blink 5 times			OFF 1S and blink 5 times			During cooling and drying operation, compressor and outdoor fan stop while indoor fan operates. During heating operation, all loads stop.	1. Supply voltage is unstable; 2. Supply voltage is too low and load is too high; 3. Evaporator is dirty.
6	Communication Malfunction	E6	OFF 3S and blink 6 times			Always ON			During cooling operation, compressor stops while indoor fan motor operates. During heating operation, the complete unit stops.	Refer to the corresponding malfunction analysis.
7	High temperature resistant protection	E8	OFF 3S and blink 8 times			OFF 1S and blink 6 times			During cooling operation: compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate. During heating operation, the complete unit stops.	Refer to the malfunction analysis (overload, high temperature resistant).
8	EEPROM malfunction	EE			OFF 3S and blink 15 times	OFF 1S and blink 11 times			During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop	Replace outdoor control panel AP1
9	Limit/ decrease frequency due to high temperature of module	EU		OFF 3S and blink 6 times	OFF 3S and blink 6 times				All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased	Discharging after the complete unit is de-energized for 20mins, check whether the thermal grease on IPM Module of outdoor control panel AP1 is sufficient and whether the radiator is inserted tightly. If its no use, please replace control panel AP1.
10	Malfunction protection of jumper cap	C5	OFF 3S and blink 15 times						Wireless remote receiver and button are effective, but can not dispose the related command	1. No jumper cap insert on mainboard. 2. Incorrect insert of jumper cap. 3. Jumper cap damaged. 4. Abnormal detecting circuit of mainboard.

NO.	Malfunction Name	Display Method of Indoor Unit			Display Method of Outdoor Unit			A/C status	Possible Causes	
		Dual-8 Code Display	Indicator Display (during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s)			Indicator has 3 kinds of display status and during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s				
			Operation Indicator	Cool Indicator	Heating Indicator	Yellow Indicator	Red Indicator			Green Indicator
11	Gathering refrigerant	Fo	OFF 3S and blink 1 times	OFF 3S and blink 1 times		OFF 1S and blink 17 times			When the outdoor unit receive signal of Gathering refrigerant ,the system will be forced to run under cooling mode for gathering refrigerant	Nominal cooling mode
12	Indoor ambient temperature sensor is open/short circuited	F1		OFF 3S and blink once					During cooling and drying operation, indoor unit operates while other loads will stop; during heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	1. Loosening or bad contact of indoor ambient temp. sensor and mainboard terminal. 2. Components in mainboard fell down leads short circuit. 3. Indoor ambient temp. sensor damaged.(check with sensor resistance value chart) 4. Mainboard damaged.
13	Indoor evaporator temperature sensor is open/short circuited	F2		OFF 3S and blink twice					AC stops operation once reaches the setting temperature. Cooling, drying: internal fan motor stops operation while other loads stop operation; heating: AC stop operation	1. Loosening or bad contact of Indoor evaporator temp. sensor and mainboard terminal. 2. Components on the mainboard fall down leads short circuit. 3. Indoor evaporator temp. sensor damaged.(check temp. sensor value chart for testing) 4. Mainboard damaged.
14	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor is open/short circuited	F3		OFF 3S and blink 3 times			OFF 1S and blink 6 times		During cooling and drying operating, compressor stops while indoor fan operates; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation	Outdoor temperature sensor hasnt been connected well or is damaged. Please check it by referring to the resistance table for temperature sensor)
15	Outdoor condenser temperature sensor is open/short circuited	F4		OFF 3S and blink 4 times			OFF 1S and blink 5 times		During cooling and drying operation, compressor stops while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	Outdoor temperature sensor hasnt been connected well or is damaged. Please check it by referring to the resistance table for temperature sensor)
16	Outdoor discharge temperature sensor is open/short circuited	F5		OFF 3S and blink 5 times			OFF 1S and blink 7 times		During cooling and drying operation, compressor will sop after operating for about 3 mins, while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop after operating for about 3 mins.	1.Outdoor temperature sensor hasnt been connected well or is damaged. Please check it by referring to the resistance table for temperature sensor) 2.The head of temperature sensor hasnt been inserted into the copper tube
17	Limit/ decrease frequency due to overload	F6		OFF 3S and blink for 6 times			OFF 1S and blink 3 times		All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased	Refer to the malfunction analysis (overload, high temperature resistant)
18	Decrease frequency due to overcurrent	F8		OFF 3S and blink 8 times			OFF 1S and blink once		All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased	The input supply voltage is too low; System pressure is too high and overload

NO.	Malfunction Name	Display Method of Indoor Unit			Display Method of Outdoor Unit			A/C status	Possible Causes	
		Dual-8 Code Display	Indicator Display (during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s)			Indicator has 3 kinds of display status and during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s				
			Operation Indicator	Cool Indicator	Heating Indicator	Yellow Indicator	Red Indicator			Green Indicator
19	Decrease frequency due to high air discharge	F9		OFF 3S and blink 9 times				OFF 1S and blink twice	All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased	Overload or temperature is too high; Refrigerant is insufficient; Malfunction of electric expansion valve (EKV)
20	Limit/decrease frequency due to antifreezing	FH		OFF 3S and blink 2 times	OFF 3S and blink 2 times			OFF 1S and blink 4 times	All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased	Poor air-return in indoor unit or fan speed is too low
21	Voltage for DC bus-bar is too high	PH		OFF 3S and blink 11 times				OFF 1S and blink 13 times	During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	1. Measure the voltage of position L and N on wiring board (XT), if the voltage is higher than 265VAC, turn on the unit after the supply voltage is increased to the normal range. 2. If the AC input is normal, measure the voltage of electrolytic capacitor C on control panel (AP1), if its normal, theres malfunction for the circuit, please replace the control panel (AP1)
22	Voltage of DC bus-bar is too low	PL			OFF 3S and blink 21 times			OFF 1S and blink 12 times	During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop	1. Measure the voltage of position L and N on wiring board (XT), if the voltage is higher than 150VAC, turn on the unit after the supply voltage is increased to the normal range. 2. If the AC input is normal, measure the voltage of electrolytic capacitor C on control panel (AP1), if its normal, theres malfunction for the circuit, please replace the control panel (AP1)
23	Compressor Min frequency in test state	P0		(during blinking, ON 0.25s and OFF 0.25s)	(during blinking, ON 0.25s and OFF 0.25s)					Showing during min. cooling or min. heating test
24	Compressor rated frequency in test state	P1		(during blinking, ON 0.25s and OFF 0.25s)	(during blinking, ON 0.25s and OFF 0.25s)					Showing during nominal cooling or nominal heating test
25	Compressor maximum frequency in test state	P2		(during blinking, ON 0.25s and OFF 0.25s)	(during blinking, ON 0.25s and OFF 0.25s)					Showing during max. cooling or max. heating test



NO.	Malfunction Name	Display Method of Indoor Unit			Display Method of Outdoor Unit			A/C status	Possible Causes
		Dual-8 Code Display	Indicator Display (during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s)		Indicator has 3 kinds of display status and during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s				
			Operation Indicator	Cool Indicator	Heating Indicator	Yellow Indicator	Red Indicator		
26	Compressor intermediate frequency in test state	P3		(during blinking, ON 0.25s and OFF 0.25s)	(during blinking, ON 0.25s and OFF 0.25s)				Showing during middle cooling or middle heating test
27	Overcurrent protection of phase current for compressor	P5		OFF 3S and blink 15 times				During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	Refer to the malfunction analysis (IPM protection, loss of synchronism protection and overcurrent protection of phase current for compressor.
28	Charging malfunction of capacitor	PU			OFF 3S and blink 17 times			During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop	Refer to the part three—charging malfunction analysis of capacitor
29	Malfunction of module temperature sensor circuit	P7			OFF 3S and blink 18 times			During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop	Replace outdoor control panel AP1
30	Module high temperature protection	P8			OFF 3S and blink 19 times			During cooling operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop	After the complete unit is de-energized for 20mins, check whether the thermal grease on IPM Module of outdoor control panel AP1 is sufficient and whether the radiator is inserted tightly. If its no use, please replace control panel AP1.
31	Decrease frequency due to high temperature resistant during heating operation	H0			OFF 3S and blink 10 times			All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased	Refer to the malfunction analysis (overload, high temperature resistant)
32	Static dedusting protection	H2			OFF 3S and blink twice				
33	Overload protection for compressor	H3			OFF 3S and blink 3 times	OFF 1S and blink 8 times		During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	1. Wiring terminal OVC-COMP is loosened. In normal state, the resistance for this terminal should be less than 1ohm. 2.Refer to the malfunction analysis (discharge protection, overload)

NO.	Malfunction Name	Display Method of Indoor Unit			Display Method of Outdoor Unit			A/C status	Possible Causes	
		Dual-8 Code Display	Indicator Display (during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s)			Indicator has 3 kinds of display status and during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s				
			Operation Indicator	Cool Indicator	Heating Indicator	Yellow Indicator	Red Indicator			Green Indicator
34	System is abnormal	H4			OFF 3S and blink 4 times		OFF 1S and blink 6 times		During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	Refer to the malfunction analysis (overload, high temperature resistant)
35	IPM protection	H5			OFF 3S and blink 5 times		OFF 1S and blink 4 times		During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	Refer to the malfunction analysis (IPM protection, loss of synchronism protection and overcurrent protection of phase current for compressor.
36	Internal motor (fan motor) do not operate	H6	OFF 3S and blink 11 times						Internal fan motor, external fan motor, compressor and electric heater stop operation,guide louver stops at present location.	1. Bad contact of DC motor feedback terminal. 2. Bad contact of DC motor control end. 3. Fan motor is stalling. 4. Motor malfunction. 5. Malfunction of mainboard rev detecting circuit.
37	Desynchronizing of compressor	H7			OFF 3S and blink 7 times				During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	Refer to the malfunction analysis (IPM protection, loss of synchronism protection and overcurrent protection of phase current for compressor.
38	PFC protection	HC			OFF 3S and blink 6 times		OFF 1S and blink 14 times		During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	Refer to the malfunction analysis
39	Outdoor DC fan motor malfunction	L3	OFF 3S and blink 23 times				OFF 1S and blink 14 times		Outdoor DC fan motor malfunction lead to compressor stop operation,	DC fan motor malfunction or system blocked or the connector loosed
40	power protection	L9	OFF 3S and blink 20 times				OFF 1S and blink 9 times		compressor stop operation and Outdoor fan motor will stop 30s latter , 3 minutes latter fan motor and compressor will restart	To protect the electrical components when detect high power
41	Indoor unit and outdoor unit doesn't match	LP	OFF 3S and blink 19 times				OFF 1S and blink 16 times		compressor and Outdoor fan motor can't work	Indoor unit and outdoor unit doesn't match
42	Failure start-up	LC			OFF 3S and blink 11 times				During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	Refer to the malfunction analysis

NO.	Malfunction Name	Display Method of Indoor Unit			Display Method of Outdoor Unit			A/C status	Possible Causes	
		Dual-8 Code Display	Indicator Display (during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s)			Indicator has 3 kinds of display status and during blinking, ON 0.5s and OFF 0.5s				
			Operation Indicator	Cool Indicator	Heating Indicator	Yellow Indicator	Red Indicator			Green Indicator
43	Malfunction of phase current detection circuit for compressor	U1			OFF 3S and blink 13 times				During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop	Replace outdoor control panel AP1
44	Malfunction of voltage dropping for DC bus-bar	U3			OFF 3S and blink 20 times				During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop	Supply voltage is unstable
45	Malfunction of complete units current detection	U5			OFF 3S and blink 13 times				During cooling and drying operation, the compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operating, the complete unit will stop operation.	Theres circuit malfunction on outdoor units control panel AP1, please replace the outdoor units control panel AP1.
46	The four-way valve is abnormal	U7			OFF 3S and blink 20 times				If this malfunction occurs during heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation.	1. Supply voltage is lower than AC175V; 2. Wiring terminal 4V is loosened or broken; 3. 4V is damaged, please replace 4V.
47	Zero-crossing malfunction of outdoor unit	U9	OFF 3S and blink 18 times						During cooling operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; during heating, the complete unit will stop operation.	Replace outdoor control panel AP1
48	Compressor running					OFF 1S and blink once				
49	Anti-freezing protection for evaporator	E2							Not the error code. It's the status code for the operation.	
50	Cold air prevention protection	E9							Not the error code. It's the status code for the operation.	
51	Refrigerant recovery mode	Fo							Refrigerant recovery. The Serviceman operates it for maintenance	

52	Malfunction of detecting plate(WIFI)	JF							Loads operate normally, while the unit can't be normally controlled by APP	1.Main board of indoor unit is damaged; 2.Detection board is damaged; 3.The connection between indoor unit and detection board is not good;
53	Defrosting	Heating indicator off for 0.5s and then blinks for 10s							Not the error code. It's the status code for the operation.	
54	Undefined outdoor unit error	oE							Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: compressor, outdoor fan and indoor fan stop operation.	1. Outdoor ambient temperature exceeds the operation range of unit (eg: less than -20oC or more than 60oC for cooling; more than 30oC for heating); 2. Failure startup of compressor? 3. Are wires of compressor not connected tightly? 4. Is compressor damaged? 5. Is main board damaged?

Analysis or processing of some of the malfunction display:

1. Compressor discharge protection

Possible reasons: shortage of refrigerant; blockage of air filter; poor ventilation or air flow short pass for condenser; the system has noncondensing gas (such as air, water etc.); blockage of capillary assy (including filter); leakage inside four-way valve causes incorrect operation; malfunction of compressor; malfunction of protection relay; malfunction of discharge sensor; outdoor temperature too high.

Processing method: refer to the malfunction analysis in the above section.

2. Low voltage overcurrent protection

Possible reason: Sudden drop of supply voltage.

3. Communication malfunction

Processing method: Check if communication signal cable is connected reliably.

4. Sensor open or short circuit

Processing method: Check whether sensor is normal, connected with the corresponding position on the controller and if damage of lead wire is found.

5. Compressor over load protection

Possible reasons: insufficient or too much refrigerant; blockage of capillary and decrease of suction temp.; improper running of compressor, burning in or stuck of bearing, damage of discharge valve; malfunction of protector.

Processing method: adjust refrigerant amount; replace the capillary; replace the compressor; use universal meter to check if the contactor of compressor is fine when it is not overheated, if not replace the protector.

6. System malfunction

Overload protection. When tube temperature (Check the temperature of outdoor heat exchanger when cooling and check the temperature of indoor heat exchanger when heating) is too high, protection will be activated.

Possible reasons: Outdoor temperature is too high when cooling; insufficient outdoor air circulation; refrigerant flow malfunction.

Please refer to the malfunction analysis in the previous section for handling method.

7. IPM module protection

Processing method: Once the module malfunction happens, if it persists for a long time and can not be self-canceled, cut off the power and turn off the unit, and then re-energize the unit again after about 10 min. After repeating the procedure for several times, if the malfunction still exists, replace the module.

2.2 Procedure of Troubleshooting

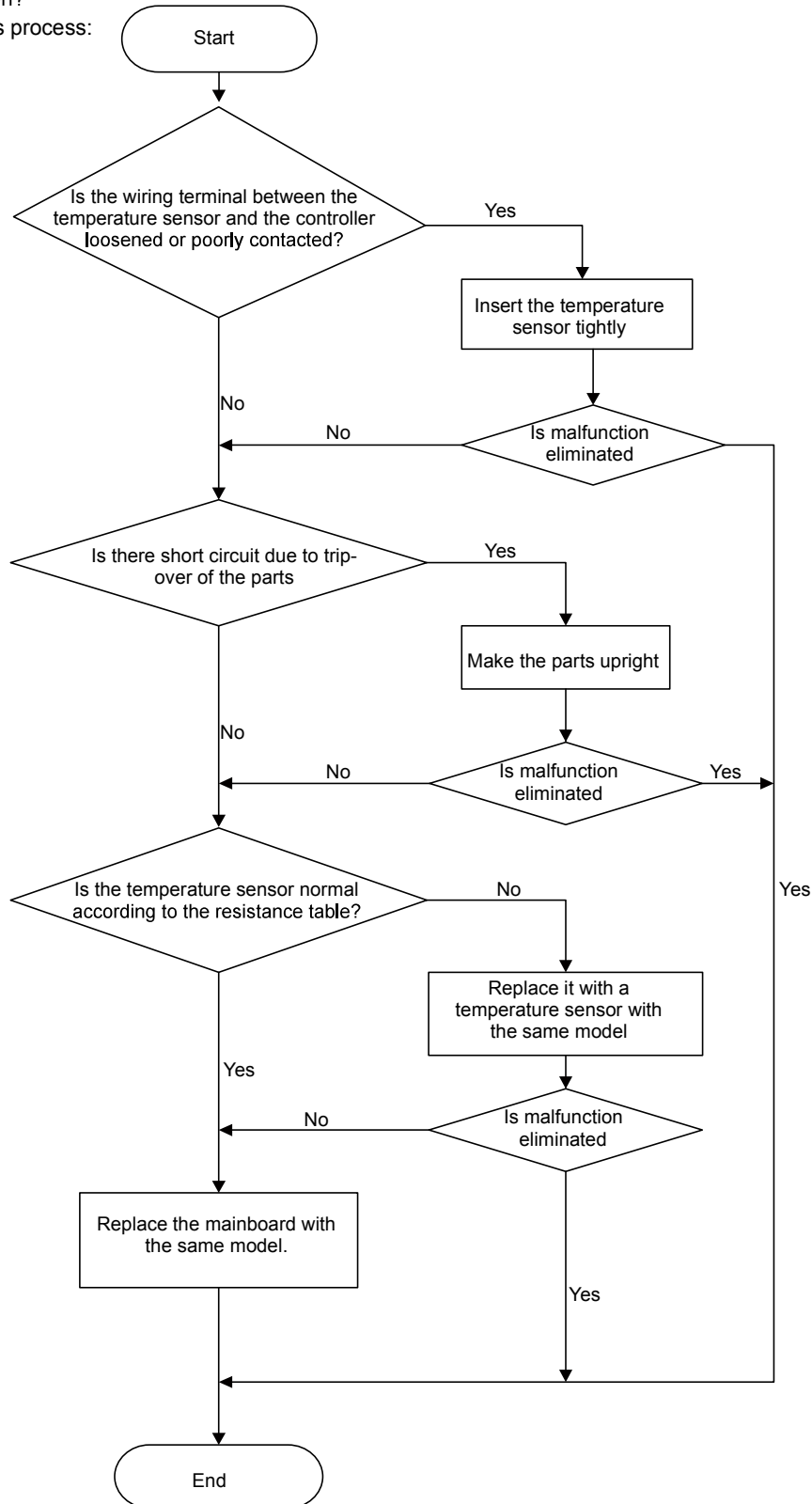
Indoor unit

(1) Malfunction of Temperature Sensor F1, F2

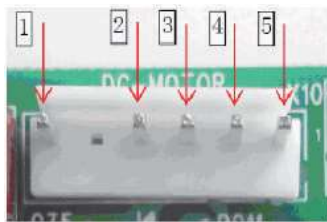
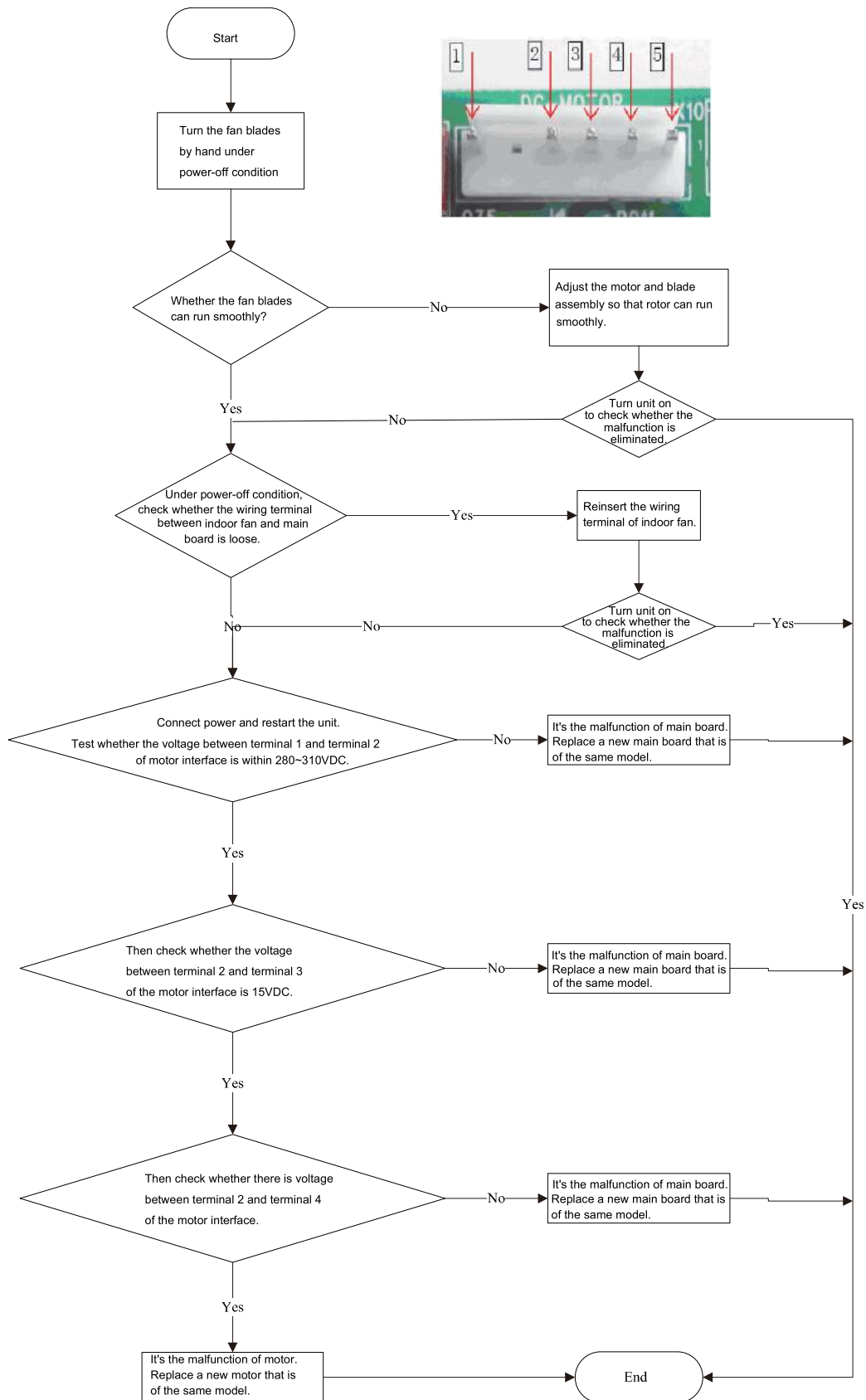
Main detection points:

- Is the wiring terminal between the temperature sensor and the controller loosened or poorly contacted?
- Is there short circuit due to trip-over of the parts?
- Is the temperature sensor broken?
- Is mainboard broken?

Malfunction diagnosis process:



(2) Malfunction of Blocked Protection of IDU Fan Motor H6

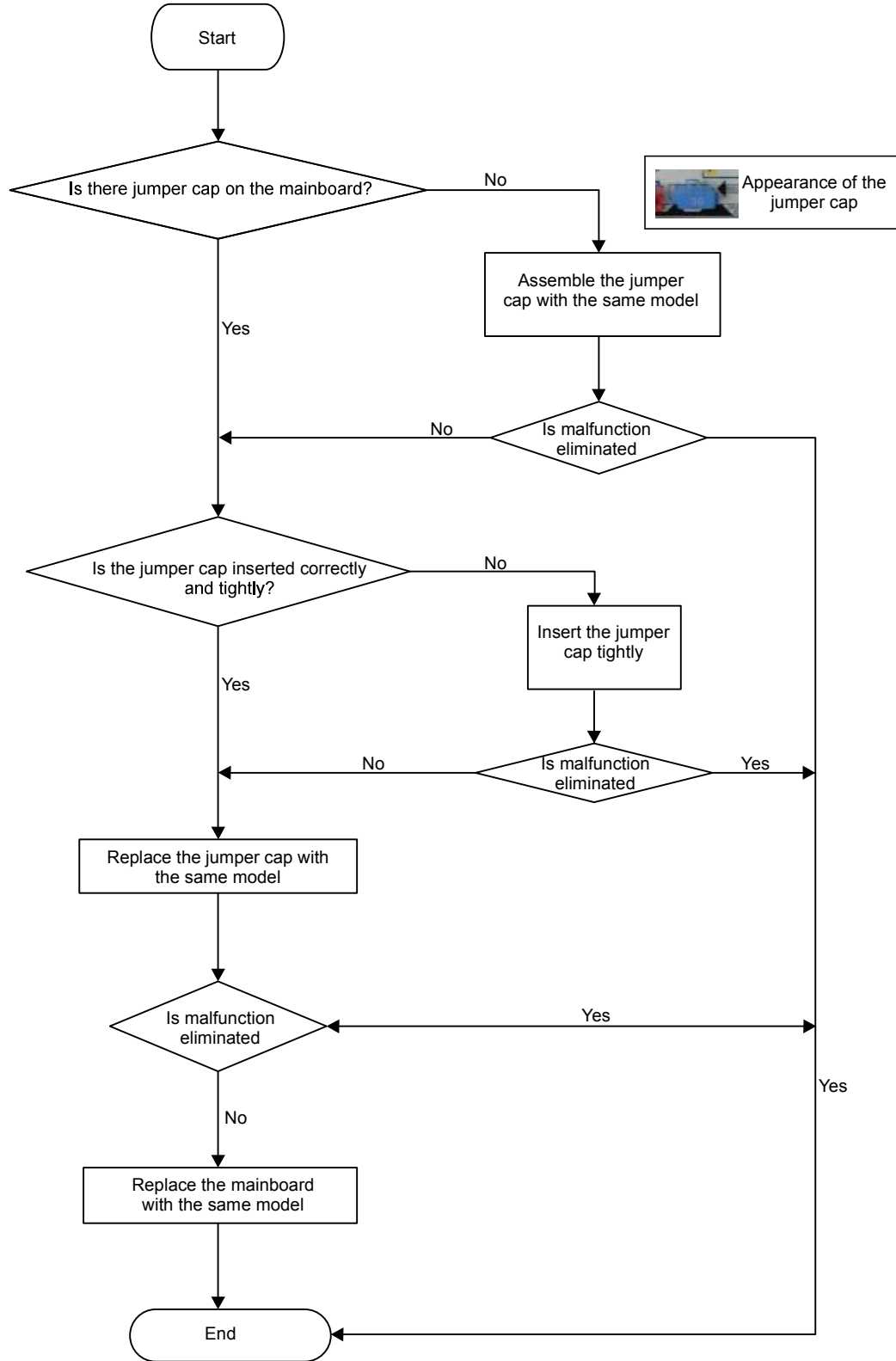


3. Malfunction of Protection of Jumper Cap C5

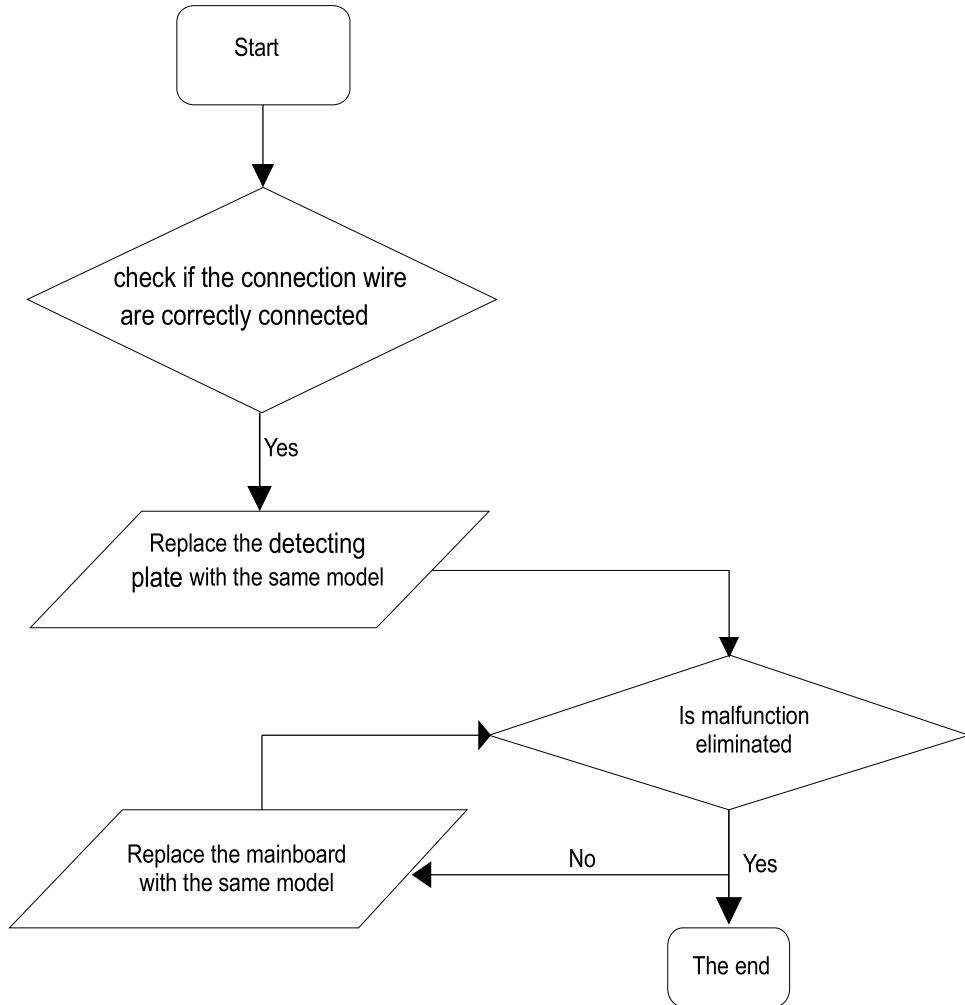
Main detection points:

- Is there jumper cap on the mainboard?
- Is the jumper cap inserted correctly and tightly?
- The jumper is broken?
- The motor is broken?
- Detection circuit of the mainboard is defined abnormal?

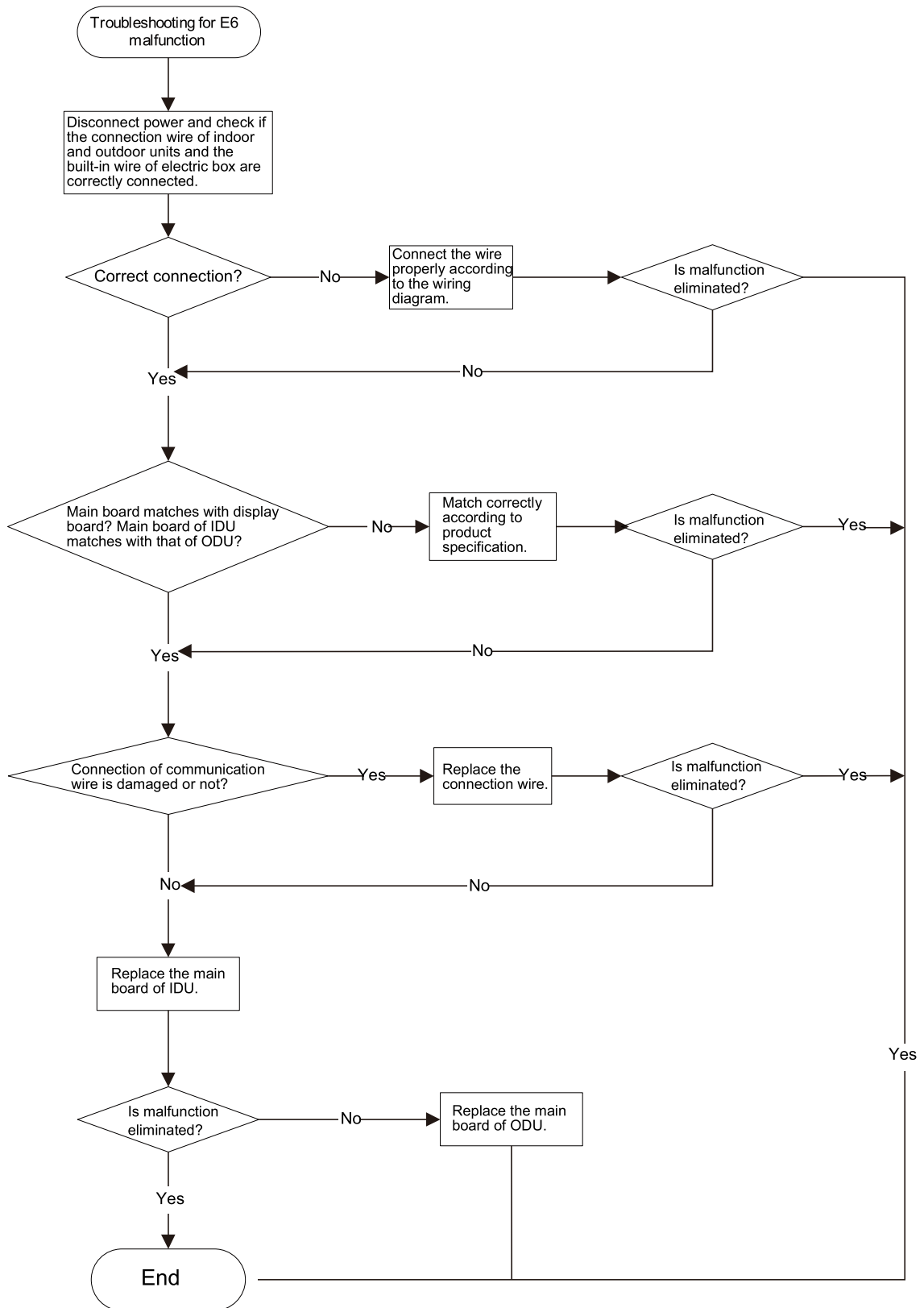
Malfunction diagnosis process:



(4) Malfunction of detecting plate(WIFI) JF



(5) Communication malfunction (E6)



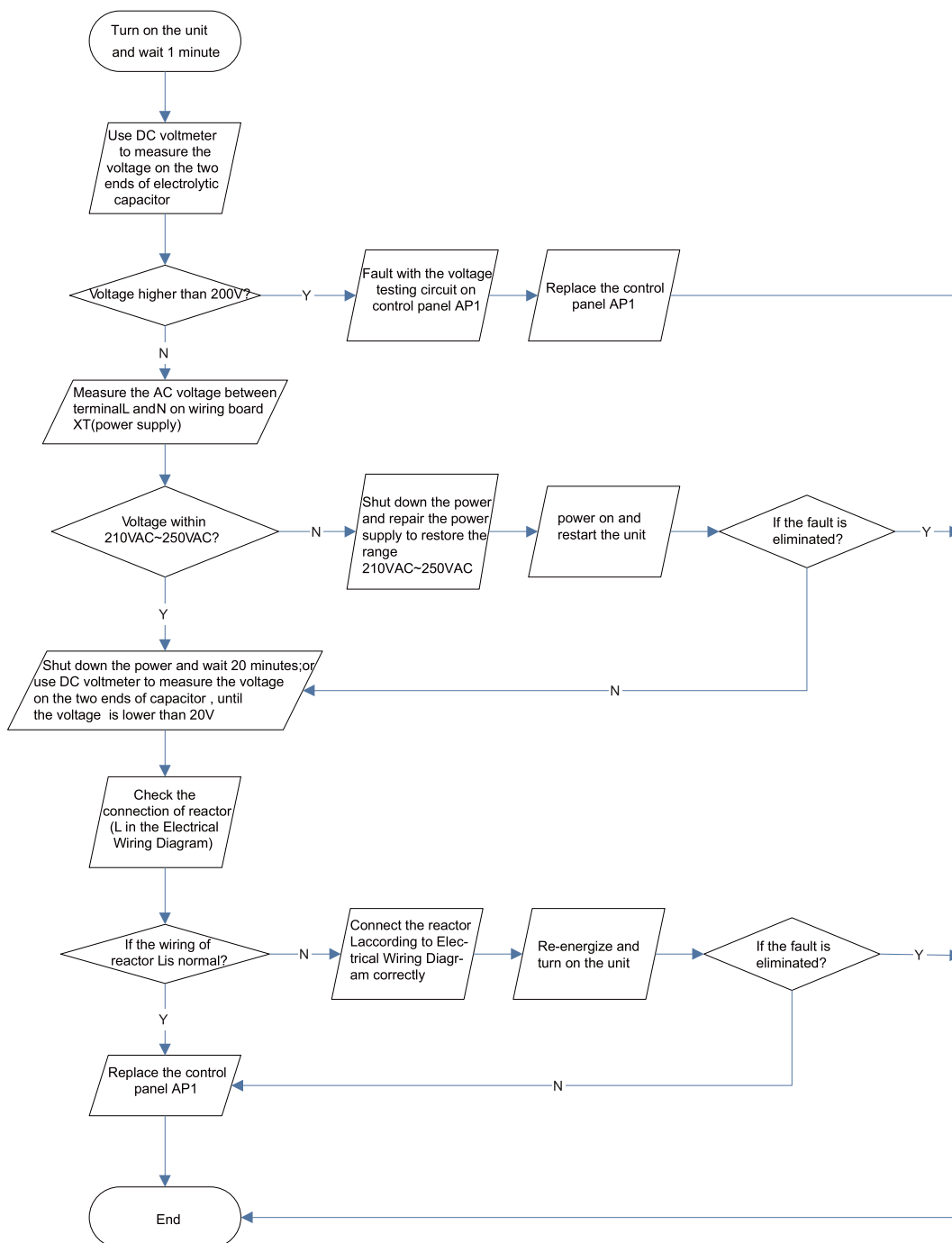
Outdoor Unit

(1) Capacitor charge fault (Fault with outdoor unit) (AP1 below refers to the outdoor control panel)

Main Check Points:

- Use AC voltmeter to check if the voltage between terminal L and N on the wiring board is within 210VAC~240VAC.
- If the reactor (L) is correctly connected? If the connection is loose or fallen? If the reactor (L) is damaged?

Fault diagnosis process:

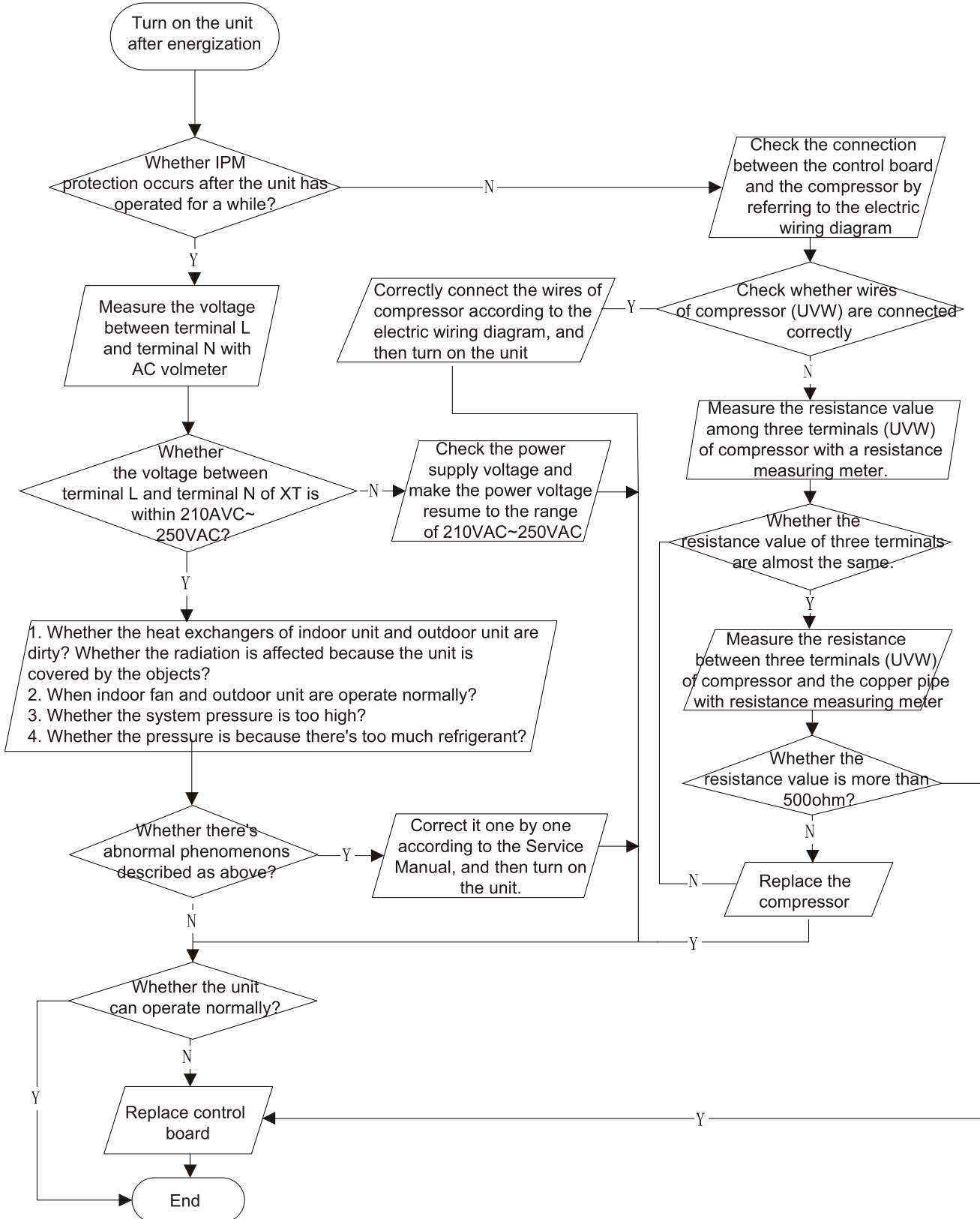


(2).IPM protection, phase current overcurrent (the control board as below indicates the control board of outdoor unit) H5/P5

Mainly detect:

- (1) Compressor COMP terminal (2) voltage of power supply (3) compressor
- (4) Refrigerant-charging volume (5) air outlet and air inlet of outdoor/indoor unit

Troubleshooting:

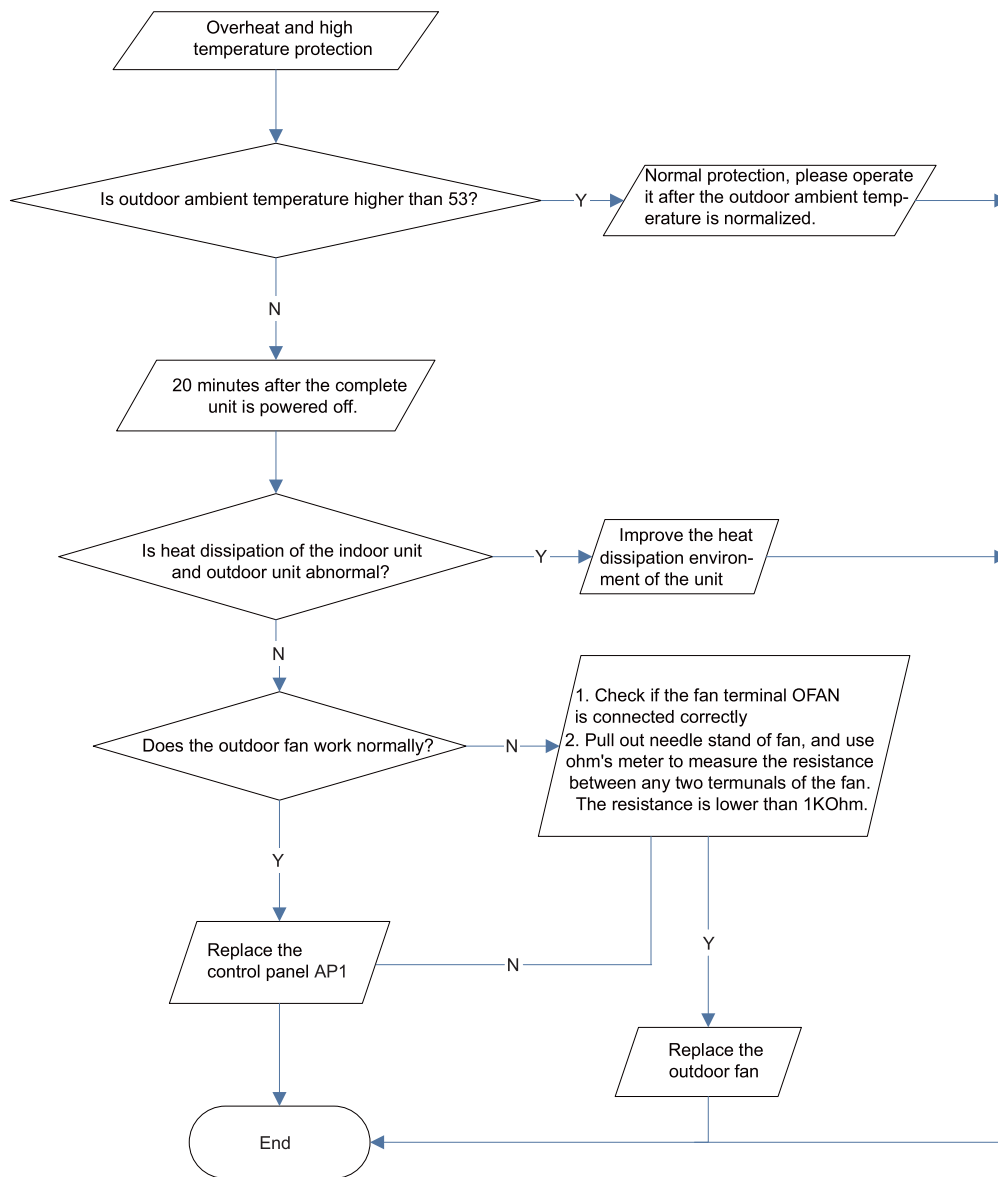


(3)High temperature and overload protection diagnosis (AP1 hereinafter refers to the control board of the outdoor unit)

Mainly detect:

- Is outdoor ambient temperature in normal range?
- Are the outdoor and indoor fans operating normally?
- Is the heat dissipation environment inside and outside the unit is good?

Fault diagnosis process:

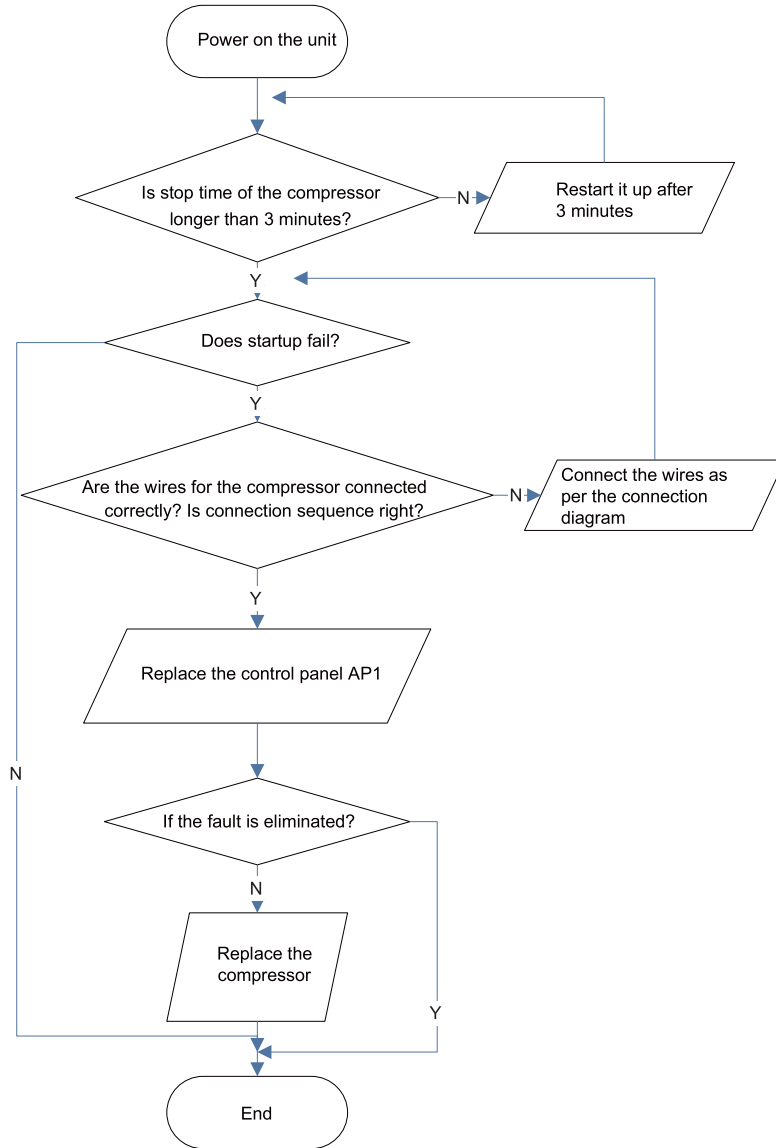


(4) Start-up failure (following AP1 for outdoor unit control board)

Mainly detect:

- Whether the compressor wiring is connected correct?
- Is compressor broken?
- Is time for compressor stopping enough?

Fault diagnosis process:

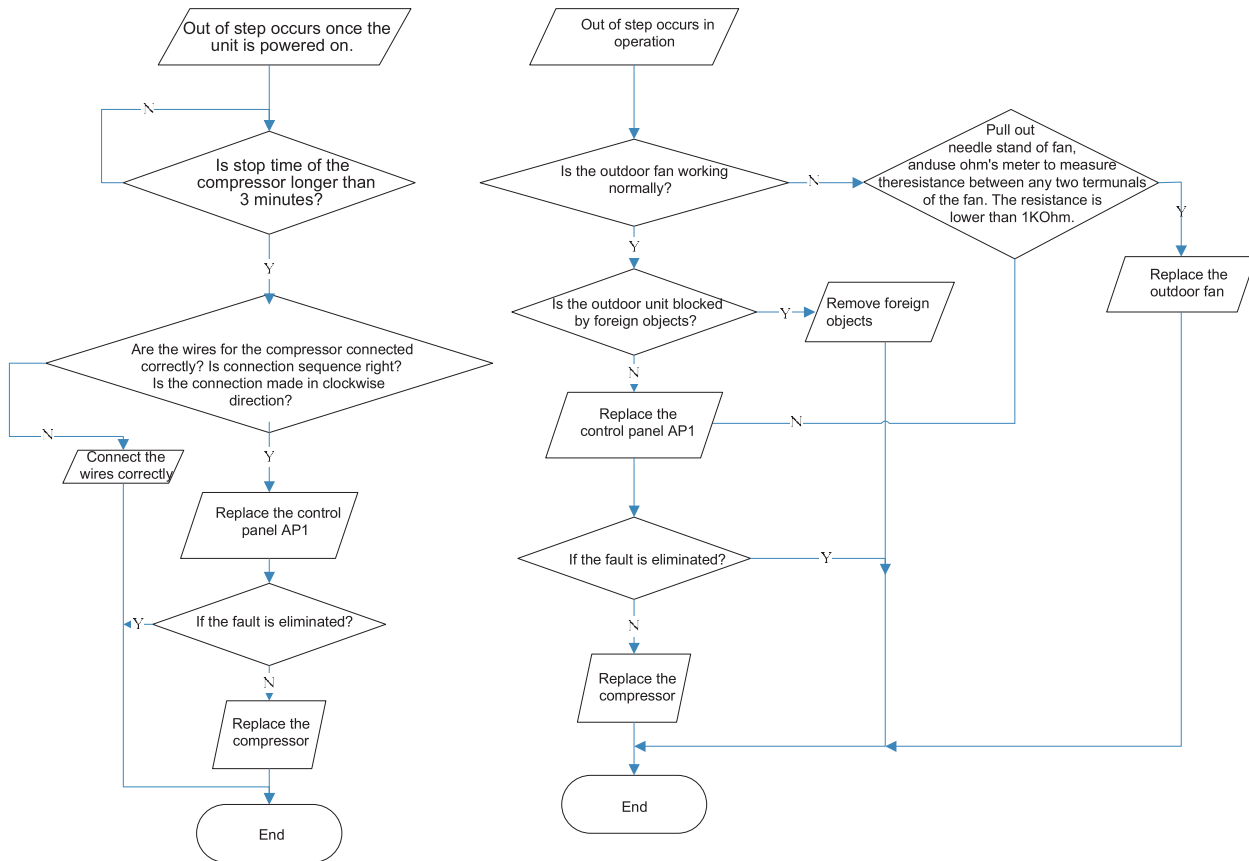


(5) Out of step diagnosis for the compressor (AP1 hereinafter refers to the control board of the outdoor unit)

Mainly detect:

- Whether the system pressure is too high?
- Whether the input voltage is too low?

Fault diagnosis process:

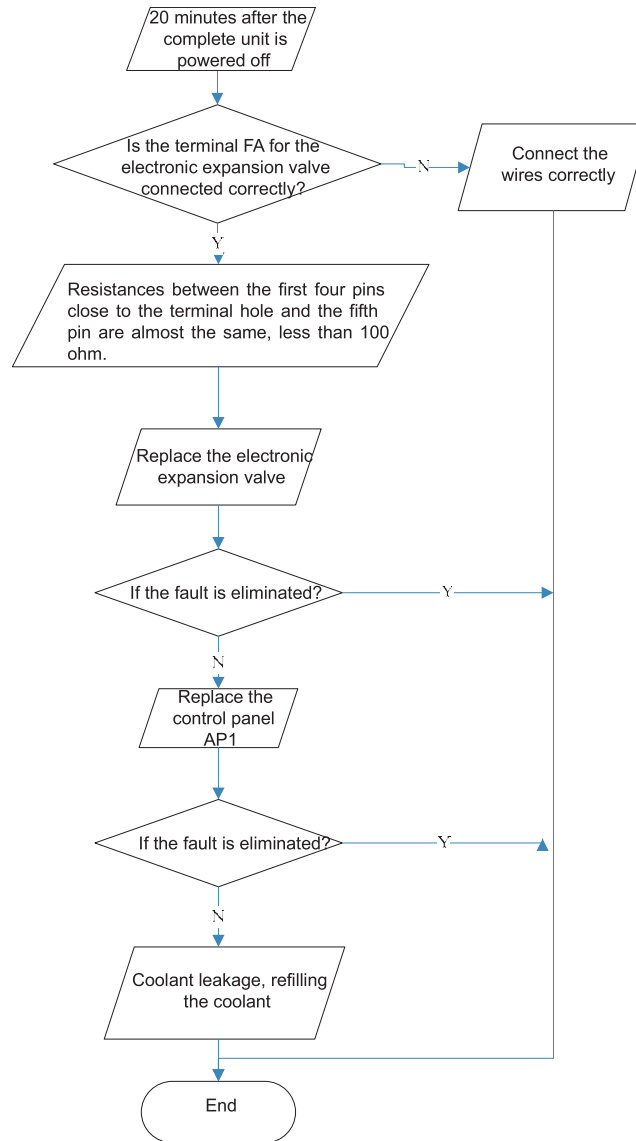


(6) Overload and air exhaust malfunction diagnosis (following AP1 for outdoor unit control board)

Mainly detect:

- Wether the PMV is connected well or not? Is PMV damaged?
- Is refrigerant leaked?

Fault diagnosis process:

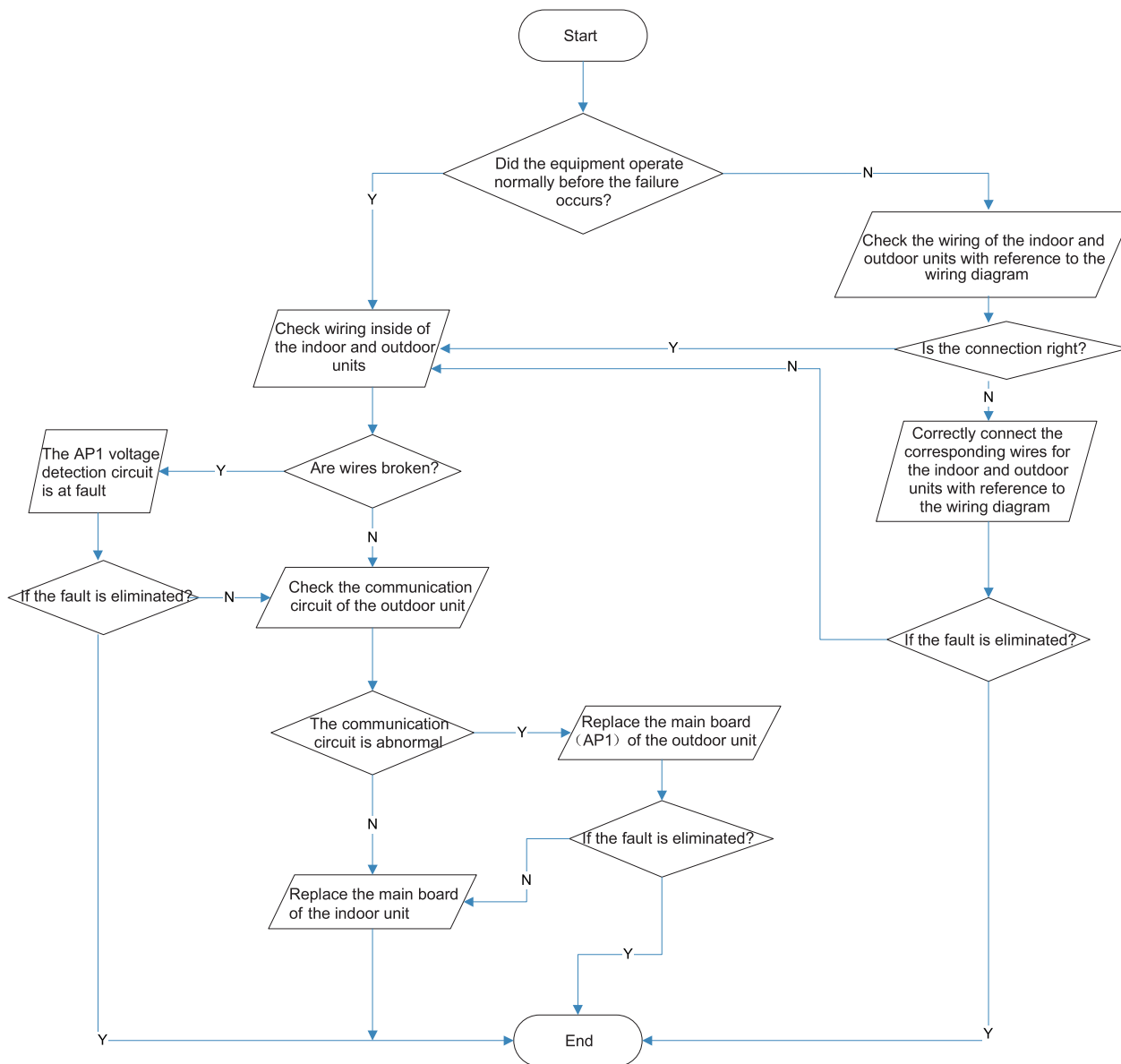


(7) Communication malfunction: (following AP1 for outdoor unit control board)

Mainly detect:

- Is there any damage for the indoor unit mainboard communication circuit? Is communication circuit damaged?
- Detect the indoor and outdoor units connection wire and indoor and outdoor units inside wiring is connect well or not, if is there any damage?

Fault diagnosis process:



(8) Communication malfunction:(following AP1 for outdoor unit control board)

Mainly detect:

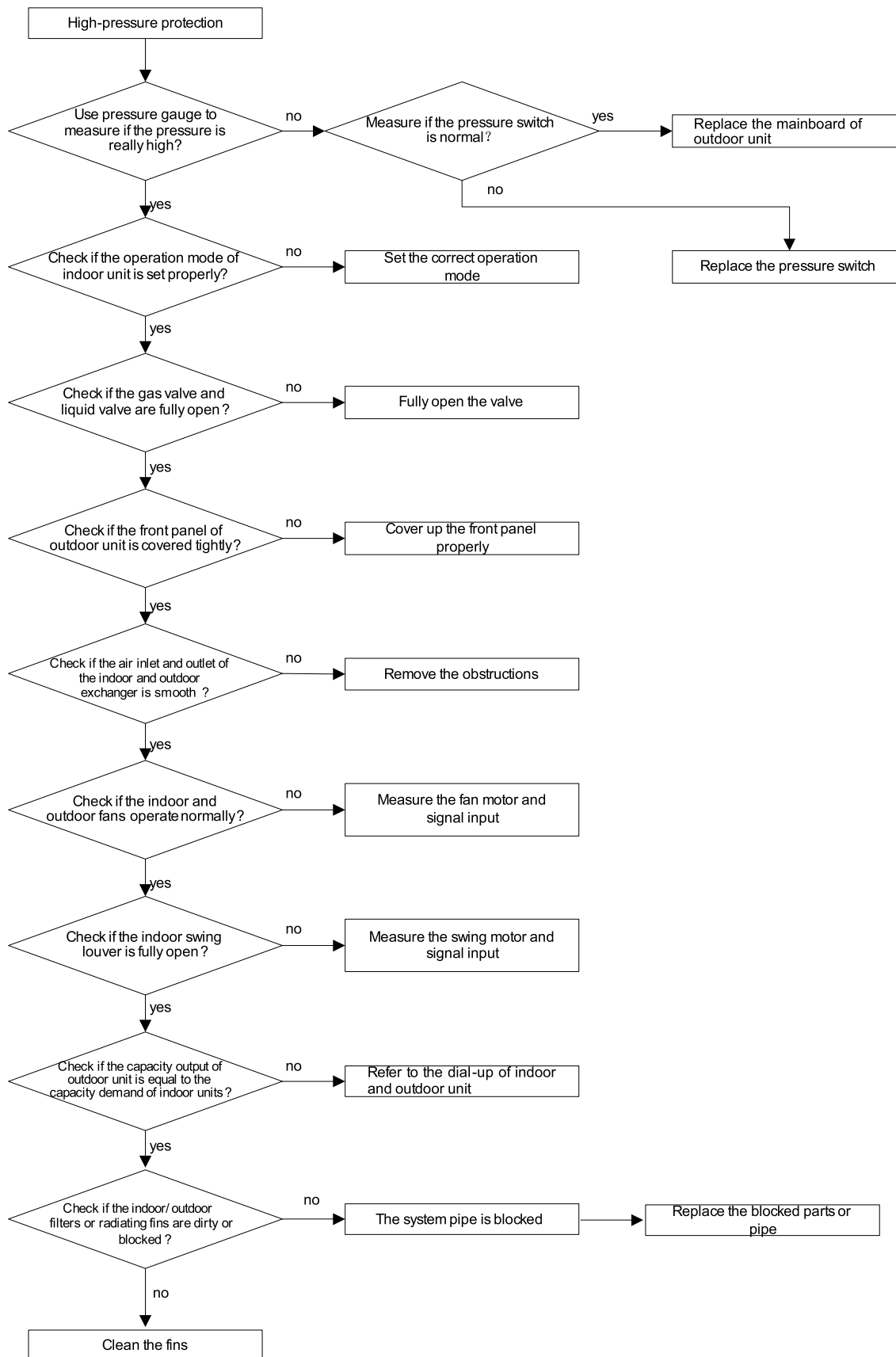
Detect the indoor and outdoor units connection wire and indoor and outdoor units inside wiring is connect well or not, If is there any damage?

Is there any damage for the indoor unit mainboard communication circuit? Is communication circuit damaged?

The flow chart fir malfunction detect:



(9) High-pressure Protection



2.3 Troubleshooting for Normal Malfunction

1. Air Conditioner Can't be Started Up

Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
No power supply, or poor connection for power plug	After energization, operation indicator isn't bright and the buzzer can't give out sound	Confirm whether it's due to power failure. If yes, wait for power recovery. If not, check power supply circuit and make sure the power plug is connected well.
Wrong wire connection between indoor unit and outdoor unit, or poor connection for wiring terminals	Under normal power supply circumstances, operation indicator isn't bright after energization	Check the circuit according to circuit diagram and connect wires correctly. Make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Electric leakage for air conditioner	After energization, room circuit breaker trips off at once	Make sure the air conditioner is grounded reliably Make sure wires of air conditioner are connected correctly Check the wiring inside air conditioner. Check whether the insulation layer of power cord is damaged; if yes, place the power cord.
Model selection for air switch is improper	After energization, air switch trips off	Select proper air switch
Malfunction of remote controller	After energization, operation indicator is bright, while no display on remote controller or buttons have no action.	Replace batteries for remote controller Repair or replace remote controller

2. Poor Cooling (Heating) for Air Conditioner

Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
Set temperature is improper	Observe the set temperature on remote controller	Adjust the set temperature
Rotation speed of the IDU fan motor is set too low	Small wind blow	Set the fan speed at high or medium
Filter of indoor unit is blocked	Check the filter to see if it's blocked	Clean the filter
Installation position for indoor unit and outdoor unit is improper	Check whether the installation position is proper according to installation requirement for air conditioner	Adjust the installation position, and install the rainproof and sunproof for outdoor unit
Refrigerant is leaking	Discharged air temperature during cooling is higher than normal discharged wind temperature; Discharged air temperature during heating is lower than normal discharged wind temperature; Units pressure is much lower than regulated range	Find out the leakage causes and deal with it. Add refrigerant.
Malfunction of 4-way valve	Blow cold wind during heating	Replace the 4-way valve
Malfunction of capillary	Discharged air temperature during cooling is higher than normal discharged wind temperature; Discharged air temperature during heating is lower than normal discharged wind temperature; Unit pressure is much lower than regulated range. If refrigerant isn't leaking, part of capillary is blocked	Replace the capillary
Flow volume of valve is insufficient	The pressure of valves is much lower than that stated in the specification	Open the valve completely
Malfunction of horizontal louver	Horizontal louver can't swing	Refer to point 3 of maintenance method for details
Malfunction of the IDU fan motor	The IDU fan motor can't operate	Refer to troubleshooting for H6 for maintenance method in details
Malfunction of the ODU fan motor	The ODU fan motor can't operate	Refer to point 4 of maintenance method for details
Malfunction of compressor	Compressor can't operate	Refer to point 5 of maintenance method for details

3. Horizontal Louver Can't Swing

Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
Wrong wire connection, or poor connection	Check the wiring status according to circuit diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Stepping motor is damaged	Stepping motor can't operate	Repair or replace stepping motor
Main board is damaged	Others are all normal, while horizontal louver can't operate	Replace the main board with the same model

4. ODU Fan Motor Can't Operate

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Wrong wire connection, or poor connection	Check the wiring status according to circuit diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Capacity of the ODU fan motor is damaged	Measure the capacity of fan capacitor with an universal meter and find that the capacity is out of the deviation range indicated on the nameplate of fan capacitor.	Replace the capacity of fan
Power voltage is a little low or high	Use universal meter to measure the power supply voltage. The voltage is a little high or low	Suggest to equip with voltage regulator
Motor of outdoor unit is damaged	When unit is on, cooling/heating performance is bad and ODU compressor generates a lot of noise and heat.	Change compressor oil and refrigerant. If no better, replace the compressor with a new one

5. Compressor Can't Operate

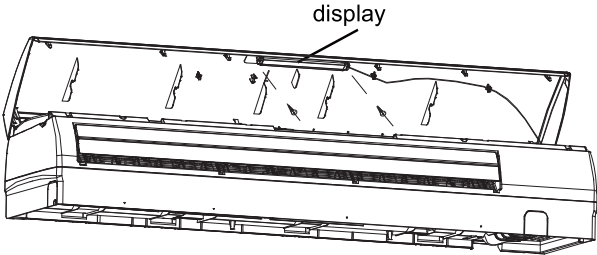
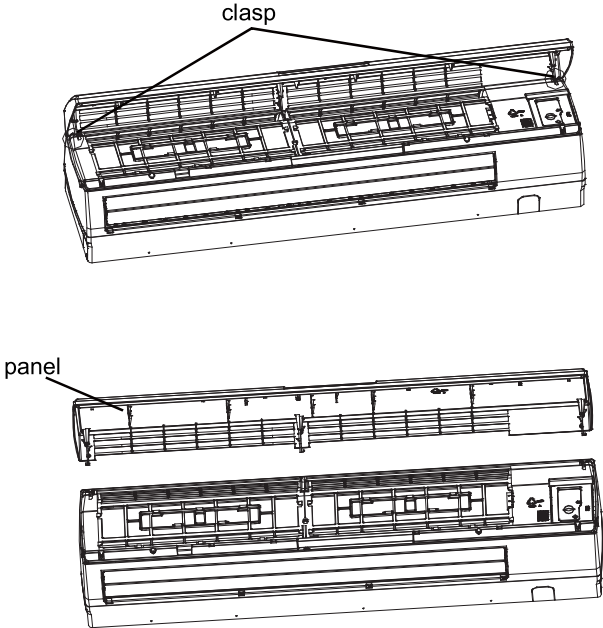
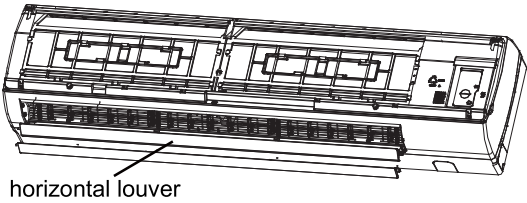
Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Wrong wire connection, or poor connection	Check the wiring status according to circuit diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Capacity of compressor is damaged	Measure the capacity of fan capacitor with an universal meter and find that the capacity is out of the deviation range indicated on the nameplate of fan capacitor.	Replace the compressor capacitor
Power voltage is a little low or high	Use universal meter to measure the power supply voltage. The voltage is a little high or low	Suggest to equip with voltage regulator
Coil of compressor is burnt out	Use universal meter to measure the resistance between compressor terminals and its 0	Repair or replace compressor
Cylinder of compressor is blocked	Compressor Can't operate	Repair or replace compressor

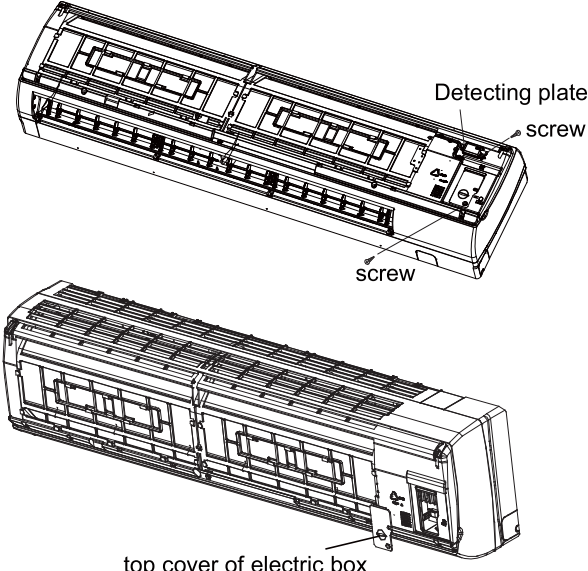
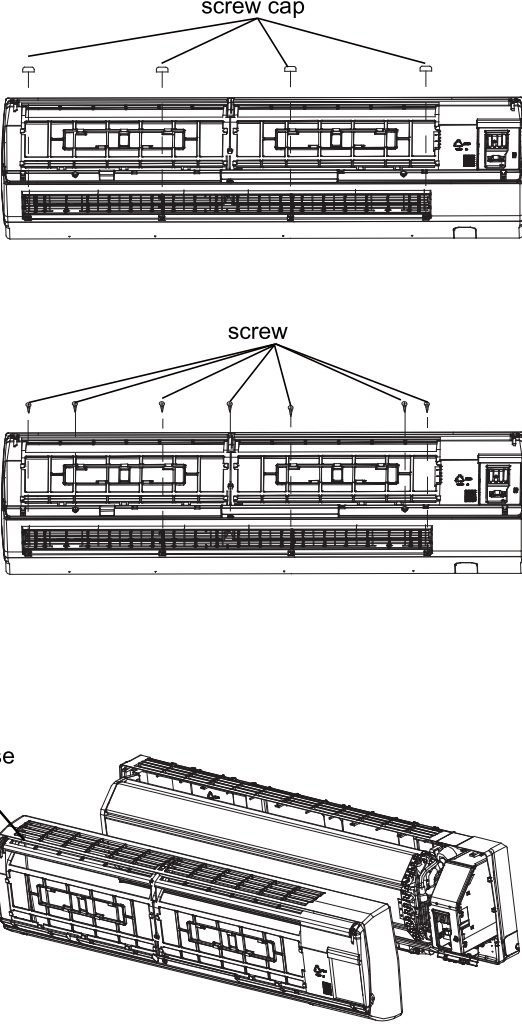
6. Air Conditioner is Leaking


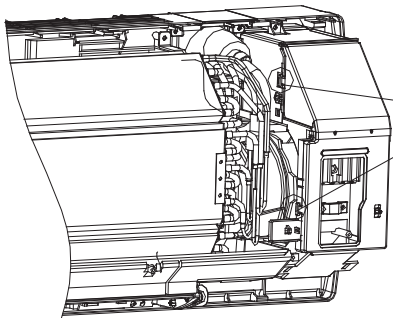
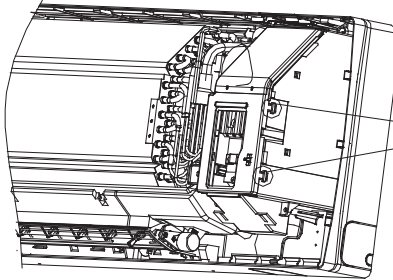
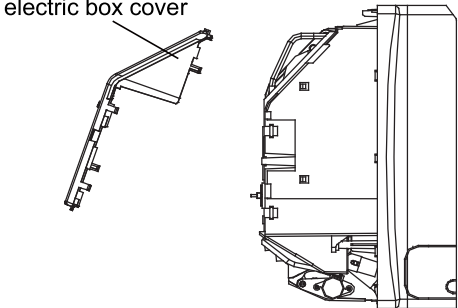
Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Drain pipe is blocked	Water leaking from indoor unit	Eliminate the foreign objects inside the drain pipe
Drain pipe is broken	Water leaking from drain pipe	Replace drain pipe
Wrapping is not tight	Water leaking from the pipe connection place of indoor unit	Wrap it again and bundle it tightly

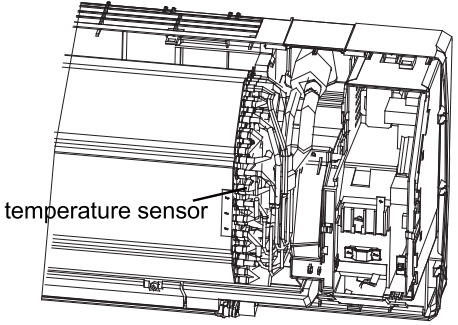
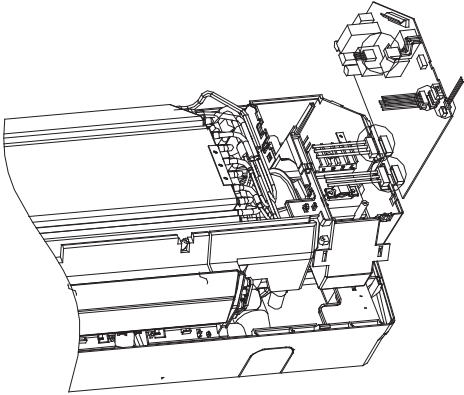
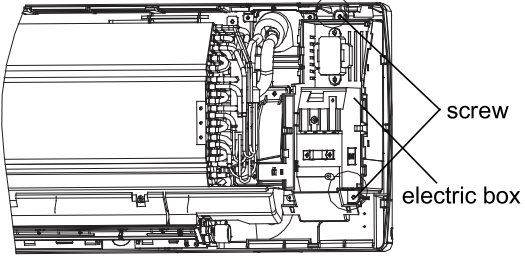
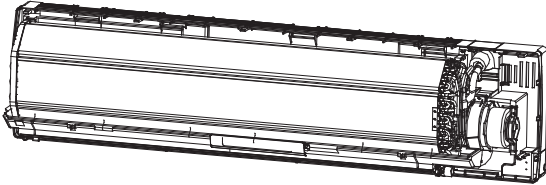
7. Abnormal Sound and Vibration

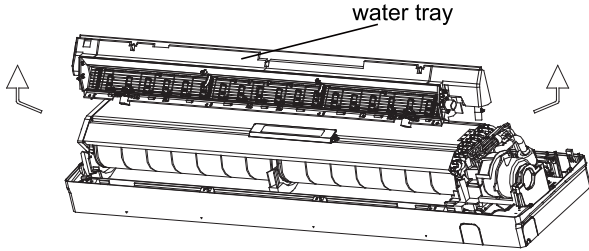
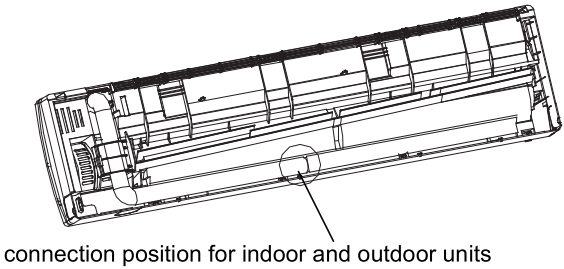
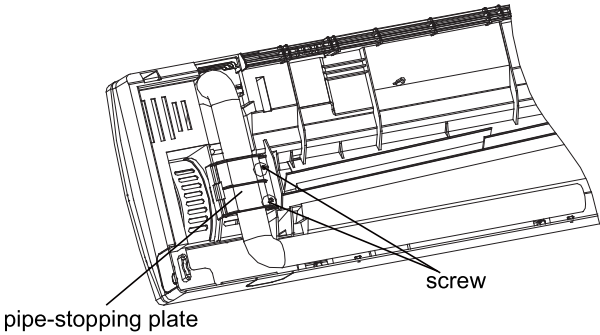
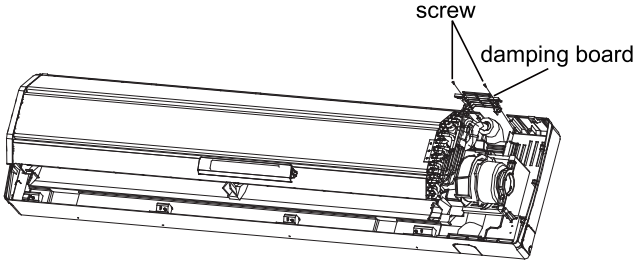
Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
When turn on or turn off the unit, the panel and other parts will expand and theres abnormal sound	Theres the sound of "PAPA"	Normal phenomenon. Abnormal sound will disappear after a few minutes.
When turn on or turn off the unit, theres abnormal sound due to flow of refrigerant inside air conditioner	Water-running sound can be heard	Normal phenomenon. Abnormal sound will disappear after a few minutes.
Foreign objects inside the indoor unit or therere parts touching together inside the indoor unit	Theres abnormal sound fro indoor unit	Remove foreign objects. Adjust all parts position of indoor unit, tighten screws and stick damping plaster between connected parts
Foreign objects inside the outdoor unit or therere parts touching together inside the outdoor unit	Theres abnormal sound fro outdoor unit	Remove foreign objects. Adjust all parts position of outdoor unit, tighten screws and stick damping plaster between connected parts
Short circuit inside the magnetic coil	During heating, the way valve has abnormal electromagnetic sound	Replace magnetic coil
Abnormal shake of compressor	Outdoor unit gives out abnormal sound	Adjust the support foot mat of compressor, tighten the bolts
Abnormal sound inside the compressor	Abnormal sound inside the compressor	If add too much refrigerant during maintenance, please reduce refrigerant properly. Replace compressor for other circumstances.

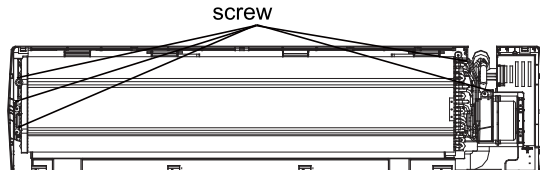
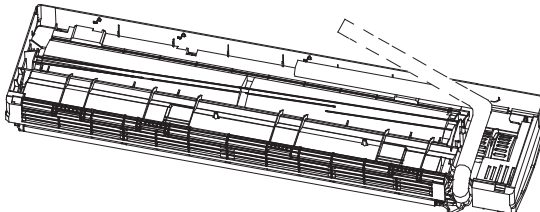
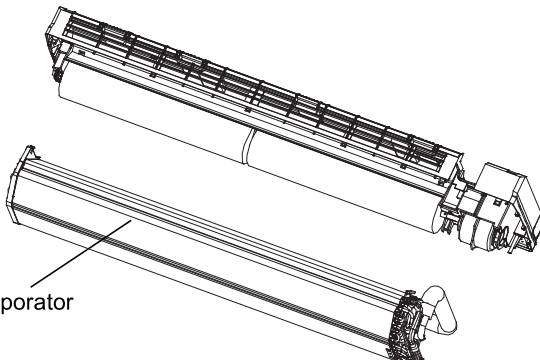
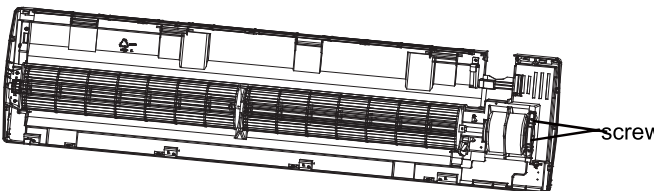
Steps	Procedure	
3.Remove display		
	<p>Remove 2 screws fixing display, and then remove the filter.</p>	
4.Remove panel		
	<p>Pull the clasps at both sides slightly, and then remove the panel.</p>	
5.Remove horizontal louver		
	<p>Remove the axial bush on the horizontal louver, and then remove the horizontal louver.</p>	

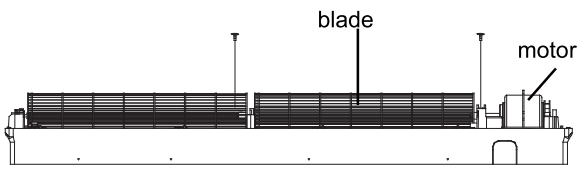
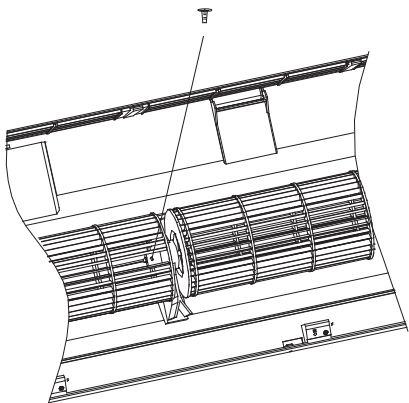
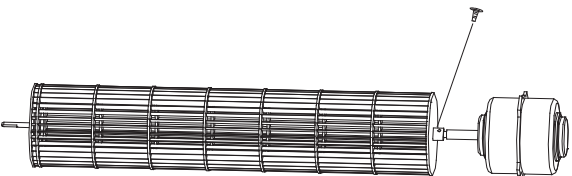
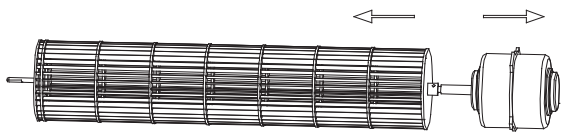
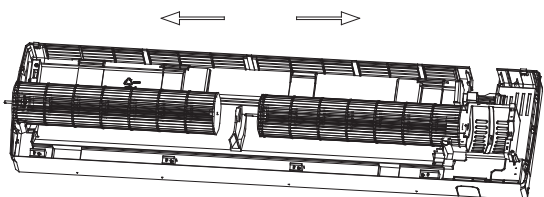
Steps	Procedure	
<p>6.Remove detecting plate and top cover of electric box</p> <p>a</p> <p>b</p>	<p>Remove the screw fixing detecting plate and then remove the detecting plate. Note:The position of detection board(WIFI) may be different for -different models.</p> <p>Remove screws fixing the top cover of electric box. Remove the top cover of electric box.</p>	 <p>Labels: Detecting plate, screw, top cover of electric box</p>
<p>7.Remove front case</p> <p>a</p> <p>b</p> <p>c</p>	<p>Remove the screw caps on front case.</p> <p>Remove screws connecting the front case.</p> <p>Remove the front case.</p>	 <p>Labels: screw cap, screw, front case</p>

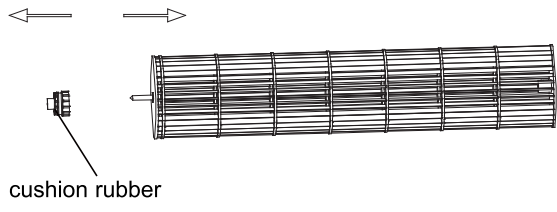
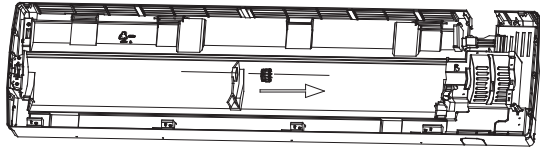
Steps	Procedure
8.Remove earthing wire	 <p data-bbox="1214 426 1284 447">screw</p>
<p data-bbox="256 432 711 489">Remove earthing screws, and then remove the earthing wire.</p>	
9.Remove electric box cover	 <p data-bbox="1365 846 1425 867">clasp</p>  <p data-bbox="1365 1318 1425 1339">clasp</p>  <p data-bbox="818 1602 1003 1623">electric box cover</p>
<p data-bbox="164 898 721 919">a Loosen clasps at the left side of electric box.</p>	
<p data-bbox="164 1308 743 1329">b Loosen clasps on the right side of electric box.</p>	
<p data-bbox="164 1717 542 1738">c Remove electric box cover.</p>	

Steps	Procedure
10.Remove temperature sensor	 <p>A technical cross-section diagram of the indoor unit's interior. A label 'temperature sensor' points to a component mounted on the side wall of the unit's internal chassis.</p>
Pull out the indoor temperature sensor.	
11.Remove electric box	<p data-bbox="160 934 183 957">a</p> <p data-bbox="254 934 597 957">Pull out 6 sockets on PCB board.</p>  <p data-bbox="160 1329 183 1352">b</p> <p data-bbox="254 1329 618 1352">Pull out two screws on electric box.</p>  <p data-bbox="160 1665 183 1688">c</p> <p data-bbox="254 1665 511 1688">Remove the electric box.</p>  <p data-bbox="1359 1352 1430 1375">screw</p> <p data-bbox="1313 1434 1430 1457">electric box</p> <p>The procedure section for step 11 contains three sub-diagrams. The first, labeled 'a', shows a hand using a screwdriver to remove six sockets from a PCB board. The second, labeled 'b', shows two screws being removed from the electric box, with labels 'screw' and 'electric box' pointing to the respective parts. The third, labeled 'c', shows the electric box completely removed from the indoor unit.</p>

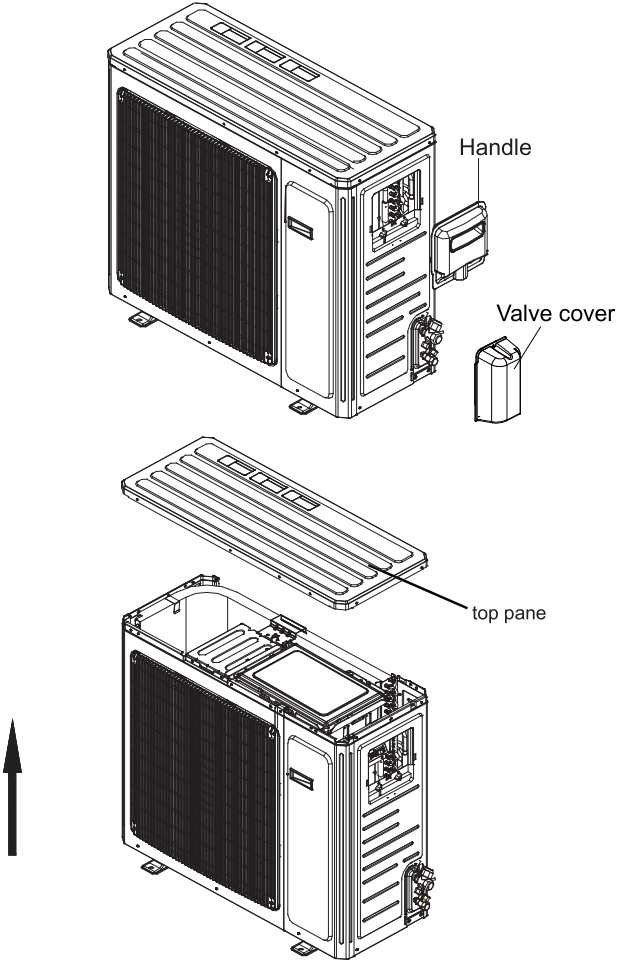
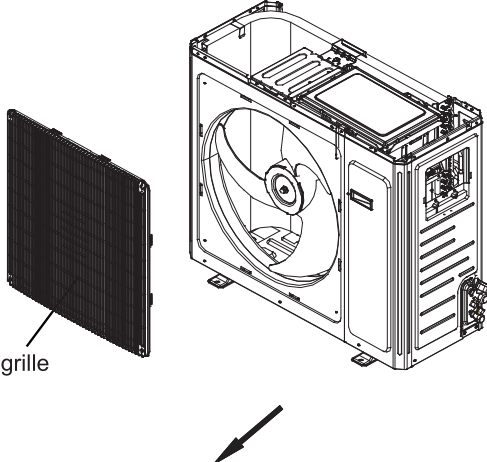
Steps	Procedure
12.Remove water tray	<p data-bbox="245 407 711 464">Pull the water tray upwards, and then remove the water tray.</p> 
13.Remove connection pipe between indoor and outdoor units	<p data-bbox="245 888 643 945">Separate the connection pipe between indoor and outdoor units.</p> 
14.Remove pipe-stopping plate	<p data-bbox="245 1325 724 1413">Remove two screws on pipe-stopping plate for indoor unit, and then remove the pipe-stopping plate.</p> 
15.Remove damping board	<p data-bbox="245 1738 724 1795">Remove 2 screws on damping board, and then remove the damping board.</p> 

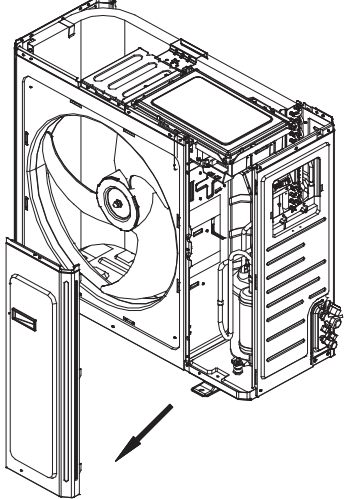
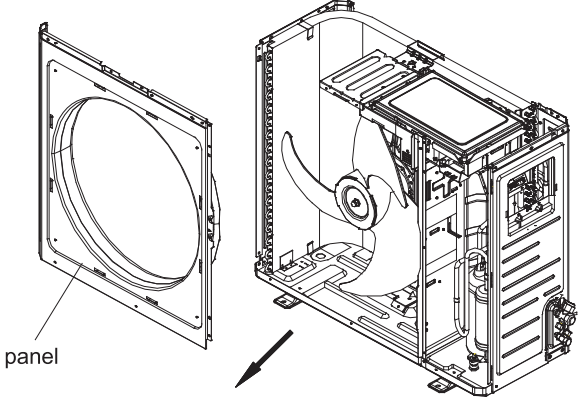
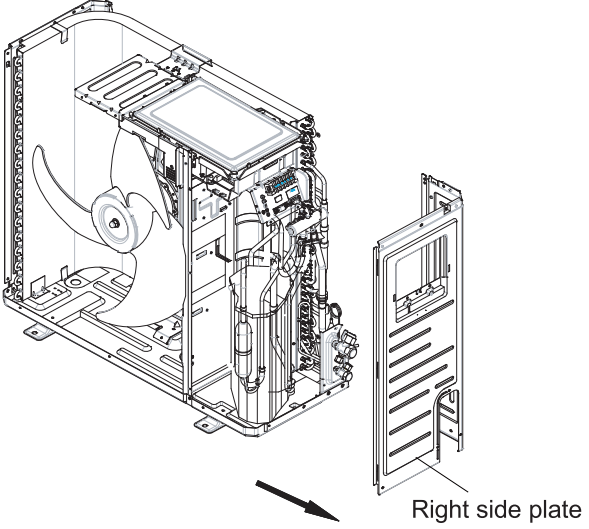
Steps	Procedure	
16. Remove evaporator		
a	Remove screws between evaporator and bottom case.	 <p>Diagram illustrating the removal of screws between the evaporator and the bottom case of the indoor unit. A line points to a screw on the top cover with the label "screw".</p>
b	Turn over the indoor unit and adjust the pipe line to the position as shown by the broken line.	 <p>Diagram illustrating the indoor unit being turned over and the pipe line being adjusted. A dashed line indicates the new position of the pipe line.</p>
c	Lift up the evaporator, and then remove the evaporator.	 <p>Diagram illustrating the evaporator being lifted up and removed from the indoor unit. A line points to the evaporator with the label "evaporator".</p>
17. Remove the fixing plate of motor		
	Remove 2 screws on fixing plate of motor, and then remove the fixing pate of motor.	 <p>Diagram illustrating the removal of screws on the fixing plate of the motor. A line points to a screw on the motor with the label "screw".</p>

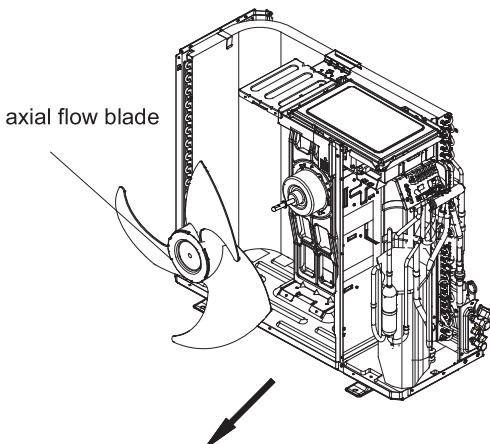
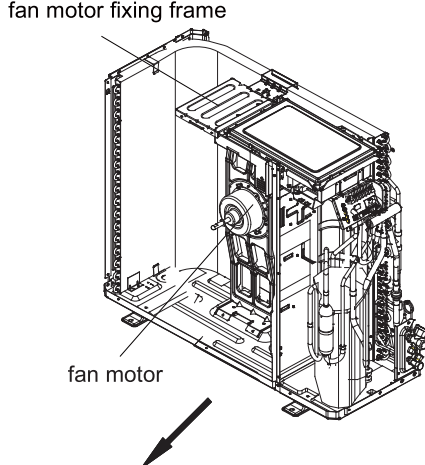
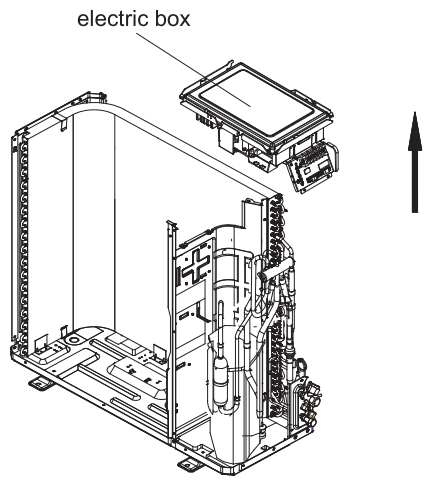
Steps	Procedure
18.Remove cross flow blade and motor	
a	<p>Remove screws fixing cross flow blade and motor.</p>   
b	<p>Remove the motor sub-assy.</p> 
c	<p>Separate two cross flow blade.</p> 

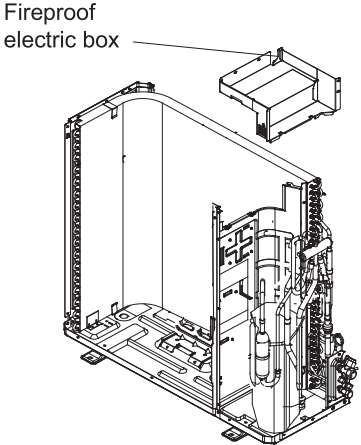
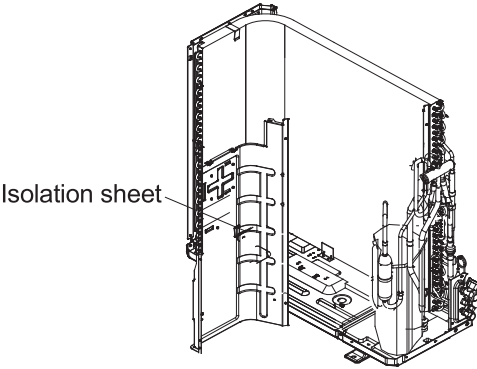
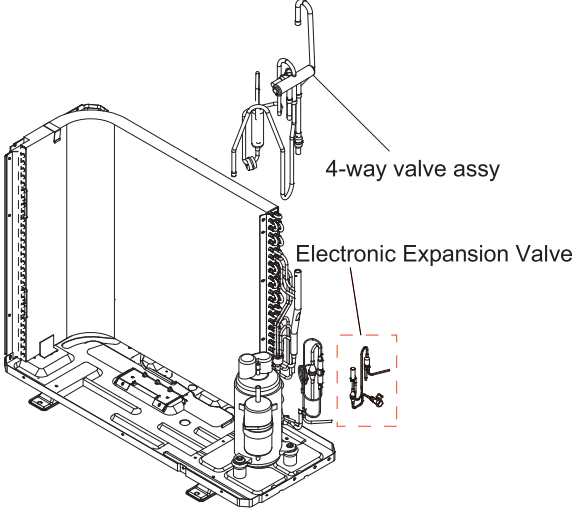
Steps	Procedure	
19.Remove cushion rubber		
a	Remove the cushion rubber on cross flow blade.	
b	Remove the cushion rubber from the base.	

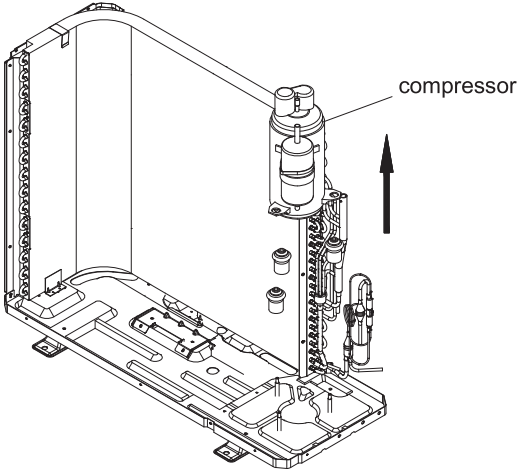
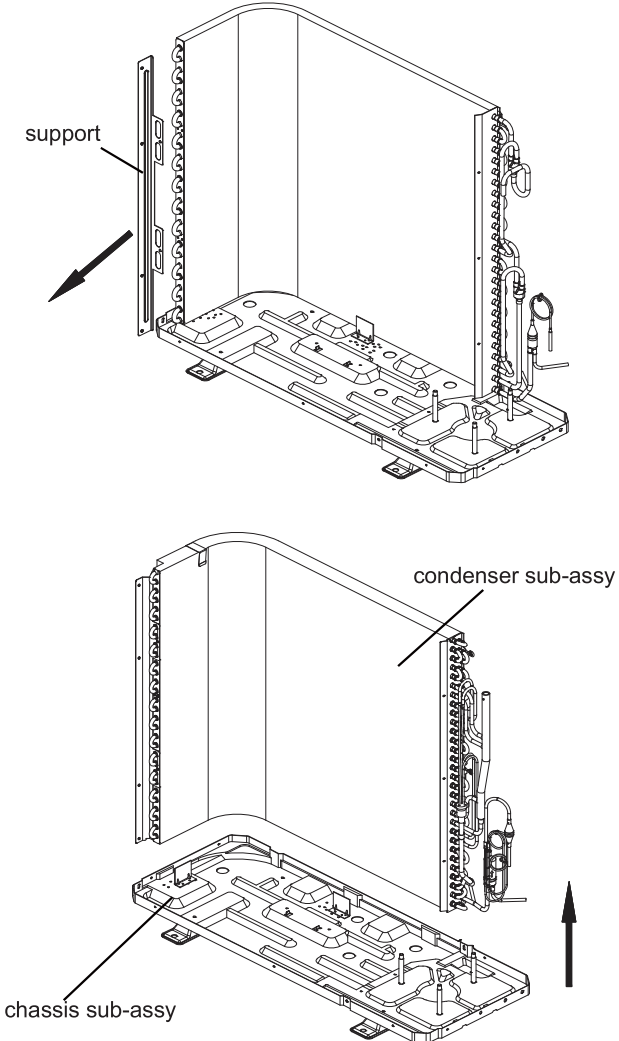
3.2 Removal Procedure of Outdoor Unit

Steps	Procedure
<p>1. Remove handle and valve cover</p> <p>a</p> <p>b</p>	<p>Twist off the screws used for fixing the handle, pull the handle upward to remove it. Loosen the screws fixing the valve cover and then remove it.</p> <p>Remove the 3 screws connecting the top panel with the front panel and the right side plate, and then remove the top panel.</p> 
<p>2. Remove grille and panel</p> <p>a</p>	<p>Remove the 2 screws connecting the grille and the panel, and then remove the grille.</p> 

Steps	Procedure	
b	<p>Remove the screws connecting the front side plate and then remove the front side panel.</p>	
c	<p>Remove the screws connecting the panel with the chassis and the motor support, and then remove the panel.</p>	
<p>3. Remove and right side plate</p> <p>Remove the screws connecting the right side plate with the chassis, the valve support and the electric box, and then remove the right side plate assy.</p>		

Steps	Procedure	
4. Remove fan motor		
a	Remove the nuts fixing the blade and then remove the axial flow blade.	 <p>axial flow blade</p>
b	Remove the 4 tapping screws fixing the motor; disconnect the leading wire insert of the motor and then remove the motor. Remove the 2 tapping screws fixing the motor support and then pull the motor support upwards to remove it.	 <p>fan motor fixing frame</p> <p>fan motor</p>
5. Remove electric box		
	Remove the screws fixing the electric box sub-assy; loosen the wire bundle; pull out the wiring terminals and then pull the electric box upwards to remove it.	 <p>electric box</p>

Steps	Procedure	
<p>6.Remove Fireproof electric box</p>	<p>Twist off the screws on fireproof electric box and then remove the fireproof electric box.</p>	 <p>Fireproof electric box</p>
<p>7. Remove chassis sub-assy and Isolation sheet</p>	<p>Remove the 3 screws fixing the isolation sheet and then remove the Isolation sheet.</p>	 <p>Isolation sheet</p>
<p>8. Remove 4-way valve assy and electronic expansion valve</p>	<p>Discharge the refrigerant completely;unsolder the pipelines connecting the compressor and the condenser assy,and then remove the 4-way valve assy and electronic expansion valve.</p>	 <p>4-way valve assy</p> <p>Electronic Expansion Valve</p>

Steps	Procedure	
9. Remove compressor	<p>Remove the 3 foot nuts fixing the compressor and then remove the compressor.</p>	 <p>compressor</p>
10. Remove condenser sub-assy	<p>a Remove the screws connecting the support (condenser) and condenser assy, and then remove the support (condenser).</p> <p>b Disassemble the chassis sub-assy and condenser sub-assy.</p>	 <p>support</p> <p>condenser sub-assy</p> <p>chassis sub-assy</p>

Appendix:

Appendix 1: Reference Sheet of Celsius and Fahrenheit

Conversion formula for Fahrenheit degree and Celsius degree: $T_f = T_c \times 1.8 + 32$

Set temperature

Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)
61	60.8	16	69/70	69.8	21	78/79	78.8	26
62/63	62.6	17	71/72	71.6	22	80/81	80.6	27
64/65	64.4	18	73/74	73.4	23	82/83	82.4	28
66/67	66.2	19	75/76	75.2	24	84/85	84.2	29
68	68	20	77	77	25	86	86	30

Ambient temperature

Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius(°C)
32/33	32	0	55/56	55.4	13	79/80	78.8	26
34/35	33.8	1	57/58	57.2	14	81	80.6	27
36	35.6	2	59/60	59	15	82/83	82.4	28
37/38	37.4	3	61/62	60.8	16	84/85	84.2	29
39/40	39.2	4	63	62.6	17	86/87	86	30
41/42	41	5	64/65	64.4	18	88/89	87.8	31
43/44	42.8	6	66/67	66.2	19	90	89.6	32
45	44.6	7	68/69	68	20	91/92	91.4	33
46/47	46.4	8	70/71	69.8	21	93/94	93.2	34
48/49	48.2	9	72	71.6	22	95/96	95	35
50/51	50	10	73/74	73.4	23	97/98	96.8	36
52/53	51.8	11	75/76	75.2	24	99	98.6	37
54	53.6	12	77/78	77	25			

Appendix 2: Configuration of Connection Pipe

- Standard length of connection pipe (More details please refer to the specifications.)
- Min. length of connection pipe is 3m.
- Max. length of connection pipe and max. high difference.(More details please refer to the specifications.)
- The additional refrigerant oil and refrigerant charging required after prolonging connection pipe
 - After the length of connection pipe is prolonged for 10m at the basis of standard length, you should add 5ml of refrigerant oil for each additional 5m of connection pipe.
 - The calculation method of additional refrigerant charging amount (on the basis of liquid pipe):
 - Basing on the length of standard pipe, add refrigerant according to the requirement as shown in the table. The additional refrigerant charging amount per meter is different according to the diameter of liquid pipe. See the following sheet.
 - Additional refrigerant charging amount = prolonged length of liquid pipe X additional refrigerant charging amount per meter

Additional refrigerant charging amount for R22, R407C, R410A and R134a			
Diameter of connection pipe		Outdoor unit throttle	
Liquid pipe(mm)	Gas pipe(mm)	Cooling only(g/m)	Cooling and heating(g/m)
Φ6	Φ9.5 or Φ12	15	20
Φ6 or Φ9.5	Φ16 or Φ19	15	50
Φ12	Φ19 or Φ22.2	30	120
Φ16	Φ25.4 or Φ31.8	60	120
Φ19	/	250	250
Φ22.2	/	350	350

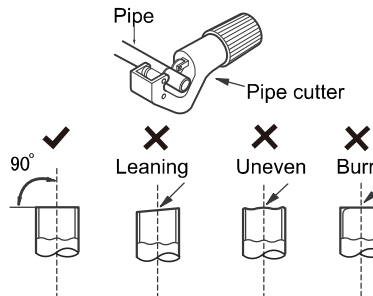
Appendix 3: Pipe Expanding Method

⚠ Note:

Improper pipe expanding is the main cause of refrigerant leakage. Please expand the pipe according to the following steps:

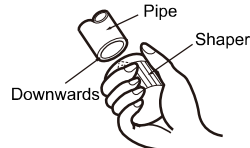
A: Cut the pip

- Confirm the pipe length according to the distance of indoor unit and outdoor unit.
- Cut the required pipe with pipe cutter.



B: Remove the burrs

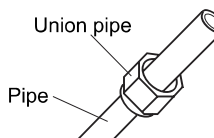
- Remove the burrs with shaper and prevent the burrs from getting into the pipe.



C: Put on suitable insulating pipe

D: Put on the union nut

- Remove the union nut on the indoor connection pipe and outdoor valve; install the union nut on the pipe.



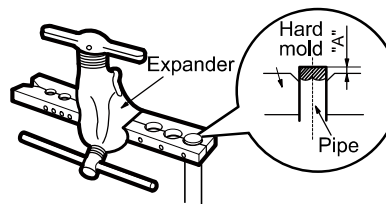
E: Expand the port

- Expand the port with expander.

⚠ Note:

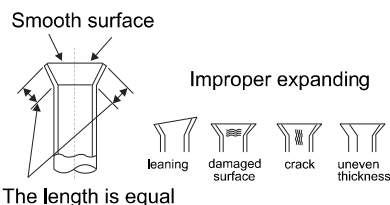
- "A" is different according to the diameter, please refer to the sheet below:

Outer diameter(mm)	A(mm)	
	Max	Min
Φ6 - 6.35 (1/4")	1.3	0.7
Φ9.52 (3/8")	1.6	1.0
Φ12 - 12.70 (1/2")	1.8	1.0
Φ16 - 15.88 (5/8")	2.4	2.2



F: Inspection

- Check the quality of expanding port. If there is any blemish, expand the port again according to the steps above.



Appendix 4: List of Resistance for Temperature Sensor

Resistance Table of Ambient Temperature Sensor for Indoor and Outdoor (15K)

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-19	138.1	20	18.75	59	3.848	98	1.071
-18	128.6	21	17.93	60	3.711	99	1.039
-17	121.6	22	17.14	61	3.579	100	1.009
-16	115	23	16.39	62	3.454	101	0.98
-15	108.7	24	15.68	63	3.333	102	0.952
-14	102.9	25	15	64	3.217	103	0.925
-13	97.4	26	14.36	65	3.105	104	0.898
-12	92.22	27	13.74	66	2.998	105	0.873
-11	87.35	28	13.16	67	2.896	106	0.848
-10	82.75	29	12.6	68	2.797	107	0.825
-9	78.43	30	12.07	69	2.702	108	0.802
-8	74.35	31	11.57	70	2.611	109	0.779
-7	70.5	32	11.09	71	2.523	110	0.758
-6	66.88	33	10.63	72	2.439	111	0.737
-5	63.46	34	10.2	73	2.358	112	0.717
-4	60.23	35	9.779	74	2.28	113	0.697
-3	57.18	36	9.382	75	2.206	114	0.678
-2	54.31	37	9.003	76	2.133	115	0.66
-1	51.59	38	8.642	77	2.064	116	0.642
0	49.02	39	8.297	78	1.997	117	0.625
1	46.6	40	7.967	79	1.933	118	0.608
2	44.31	41	7.653	80	1.871	119	0.592
3	42.14	42	7.352	81	1.811	120	0.577
4	40.09	43	7.065	82	1.754	121	0.561
5	38.15	44	6.791	83	1.699	122	0.547
6	36.32	45	6.529	84	1.645	123	0.532
7	34.58	46	6.278	85	1.594	124	0.519
8	32.94	47	6.038	86	1.544	125	0.505
9	31.38	48	5.809	87	1.497	126	0.492
10	29.9	49	5.589	88	1.451	127	0.48
11	28.51	50	5.379	89	1.408	128	0.467
12	27.18	51	5.197	90	1.363	129	0.456
13	25.92	52	4.986	91	1.322	130	0.444
14	24.73	53	4.802	92	1.282	131	0.433
15	23.6	54	4.625	93	1.244	132	0.422
16	22.53	55	4.456	94	1.207	133	0.412
17	21.51	56	4.294	95	1.171	134	0.401
18	20.54	57	4.139	96	1.136	135	0.391
19	19.63	58	3.99	97	1.103	136	0.382

Resistance Table of Tube Temperature Sensors for Indoor and Outdoor (20K)

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-19	181.4	20	25.01	59	5.13	98	1.427
-18	171.4	21	23.9	60	4.948	99	1.386
-17	162.1	22	22.85	61	4.773	100	1.346
-16	153.3	23	21.85	62	4.605	101	1.307
-15	145	24	20.9	63	4.443	102	1.269
-14	137.2	25	20	64	4.289	103	1.233
-13	129.9	26	19.14	65	4.14	104	1.198
-12	123	27	18.13	66	3.998	105	1.164
-11	116.5	28	17.55	67	3.861	106	1.131
-10	110.3	29	16.8	68	3.729	107	1.099
-9	104.6	30	16.1	69	3.603	108	1.069
-8	99.13	31	15.43	70	3.481	109	1.039
-7	94	32	14.79	71	3.364	110	1.01
-6	89.17	33	14.18	72	3.252	111	0.983
-5	84.61	34	13.59	73	3.144	112	0.956
-4	80.31	35	13.04	74	3.04	113	0.93
-3	76.24	36	12.51	75	2.94	114	0.904
-2	72.41	37	12	76	2.844	115	0.88
-1	68.79	38	11.52	77	2.752	116	0.856
0	65.37	39	11.06	78	2.663	117	0.833
1	62.13	40	10.62	79	2.577	118	0.811
2	59.08	41	10.2	80	2.495	119	0.77
3	56.19	42	9.803	81	2.415	120	0.769
4	53.46	43	9.42	82	2.339	121	0.746
5	50.87	44	9.054	83	2.265	122	0.729
6	48.42	45	8.705	84	2.194	123	0.71
7	46.11	46	8.37	85	2.125	124	0.692
8	43.92	47	8.051	86	2.059	125	0.674
9	41.84	48	7.745	87	1.996	126	0.658
10	39.87	49	7.453	88	1.934	127	0.64
11	38.01	50	7.173	89	1.875	128	0.623
12	36.24	51	6.905	90	1.818	129	0.607
13	34.57	52	6.648	91	1.736	130	0.592
14	32.98	53	6.403	92	1.71	131	0.577
15	31.47	54	6.167	93	1.658	132	0.563
16	30.04	55	5.942	94	1.609	133	0.549
17	28.68	56	5.726	95	1.561	134	0.535
18	27.39	57	5.519	96	1.515	135	0.521
19	26.17	58	5.32	97	1.47	136	0.509

Resistance Table of Discharge Temperature Sensor for Outdoor (50K)

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-29	853.5	10	98	49	18.34	88	4.75
-28	799.8	11	93.42	50	17.65	89	4.61
-27	750	12	89.07	51	16.99	90	4.47
-26	703.8	13	84.95	52	16.36	91	4.33
-25	660.8	14	81.05	53	15.75	92	4.20
-24	620.8	15	77.35	54	15.17	93	4.08
-23	580.6	16	73.83	55	14.62	94	3.96
-22	548.9	17	70.5	56	14.09	95	3.84
-21	516.6	18	67.34	57	13.58	96	3.73
-20	486.5	19	64.33	58	13.09	97	3.62
-19	458.3	20	61.48	59	12.62	98	3.51
-18	432	21	58.77	60	12.17	99	3.41
-17	407.4	22	56.19	61	11.74	100	3.32
-16	384.5	23	53.74	62	11.32	101	3.22
-15	362.9	24	51.41	63	10.93	102	3.13
-14	342.8	25	49.19	64	10.54	103	3.04
-13	323.9	26	47.08	65	10.18	104	2.96
-12	306.2	27	45.07	66	9.83	105	2.87
-11	289.6	28	43.16	67	9.49	106	2.79
-10	274	29	41.34	68	9.17	107	2.72
-9	259.3	30	39.61	69	8.85	108	2.64
-8	245.6	31	37.96	70	8.56	109	2.57
-7	232.6	32	36.38	71	8.27	110	2.50
-6	220.5	33	34.88	72	7.99	111	2.43
-5	209	34	33.45	73	7.73	112	2.37
-4	198.3	35	32.09	74	7.47	113	2.30
-3	199.1	36	30.79	75	7.22	114	2.24
-2	178.5	37	29.54	76	7.00	115	2.18
-1	169.5	38	28.36	77	6.76	116	2.12
0	161	39	27.23	78	6.54	117	2.07
1	153	40	26.15	79	6.33	118	2.02
2	145.4	41	25.11	80	6.13	119	1.96
3	138.3	42	24.13	81	5.93	120	1.91
4	131.5	43	23.19	82	5.75	121	1.86
5	125.1	44	22.29	83	5.57	122	1.82
6	119.1	45	21.43	84	5.39	123	1.77
7	113.4	46	20.6	85	5.22	124	1.73
8	108	47	19.81	86	5.06	125	1.68
9	102.8	48	19.06	87	4.90	126	1.64



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